The Development of Democracy in Ancient Greece

Name:

5		-	
ruling power	of the name	demos = people	1000 COST
ruling power is in the hands	of a person who seized control	tyrannos = one we/supreme	
ruling power ruling power is ruling power is ruling power is in the hands in the hands in the hands	of a tew leaders	oligos = few archy - rule	
rulling power 15 in hands	of one person	archy = rule	110

Etymology

Visual

Monarchy

-paid taxes decise cobey laws in king memberded on king members protection the untering ordinal lawer's inherited ordinal lawer lawe

government

in ancient

Greece?

practiced

this form of

How was

fought over power + raw materials monarchy collapsed

Oligarchy

Democracy

Tyranny

ade by selected from my moers of class, ty e upper class seized p dinary citizens reformed Some tyrants
become too
harsh + greed
+ were over thr

subjects revel

some ruled harshly -one rose to

the birthprofessor.

All males contacted to the participate

by the Council

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Definition

government

decline in

ancient Greece?

this form of

Why did



Comparison of Democracies

Use the chart below as a reference for your class discussion on democracies in Athens and the United States.

Tried all law cases

chosen by lot

OTHER OFFICIALS

Chosen by lot to serve one year



EGISLATIVE

THE GOVERNMENT OF ATHENS

Consisted of all male citizens over The Assembly 19 years old

Made the laws and voted policy and taxes

Enforces the laws EXECUTIVE THE CONSTITUTION

Makes treaties

Decides if the law has been broker

The Council of 500

Chosen by lot to serve one year, steered the assembly

EXECUTIVE

Juries Directed policy and the armed forces JUDICIAL Elected annually by the men in the Assembly Consisted of members of the Assembly The Commander in Chief and Nine Generals

Votes taxes

Makes the laws

LEGISLATIVE

Declares war

JUDICIAL

Decides if a law has been broken Decides if a law is constitutional

THE PRESIDENT

Elected by the people every four years Appoints the Cabinet and other officials

Elected by the people THE SENATE

THE CONGRESS

Two senators from each state

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SUPREME COURT AND Population of the state sets number

FEDERAL COURTS

The President appoints with Senate



GOVERNMENT JNITED STATES

