

Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229 Overland Park, Kansas 66223

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022





OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

> Prepared by: Finance Office

Jeremy McFadden Executive Director of Finance

Financial Statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal List of Principal Officials	i - iv v
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 12
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	13 14
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15 - 16
Reconciliation of the Total Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to Net Position of Governmental Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	18 - 19
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances with the Government - Wide Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)	
General Fund Special Education Fund KPERS Fund Capital Outlay Fund	21 22 23 24
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	25 26
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	27 - 52
Required Supplementary Information:	
Other Post-Employment Benefits Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	53

Financial Statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

FINANCIAL SECTION - CONTINUED	Page
Other Post-Employment Benefits (KPERS) Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	54
KPERS Pension Plan Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of District's Contributions Notes to Required Supplementary Information	55 55 56 - 57
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules	
Fund Descriptions	58 - 60
Combining Statements – General Fund	
Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund	61
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances – General Fund	62
Combining Statements - Nonmajor Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	63 - 66
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	67 - 70
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis):	
Supplemental General Fund Cost of Living Fund Extraordinary Growth Facilities Fund Vocational Education Fund At Risk (K-12) Fund Professional Development Fund Special Assessment Fund Food Service Fund Bilingual Education Fund Virtual Education Fund Summer School Fund Parent Education Program Fund Federal Funds Gifts and Grants Funds Special Liability Fund Debt Service Fund	71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 - 84 85 - 86 87 88

Financial Statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

FINANCIAL SECTION - CONTINUED	<u>Page</u>
Combining Statements – Custodial Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position - Custodial Funds	89
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	90
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Explanation and Table of Contents	91
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	92
Expense, Program Revenues, and Net [Expense]/Revenue – Last Ten Fiscal Years	93
General School System Revenues and Total Change in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	94
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	95
Government Funds Revenues – Last Ten Fiscal Years	96
Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio – Last Ten Fiscal Years	97
Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances – Last Ten Fiscal Years	98
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Tax Years	99
Property Tax Rates (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation) Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Tax Years	100
Principal Taxpayers June 30, 2022 and Nine Years Ago	101
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Years	102
Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	103
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding – Last Ten Fiscal Years	104
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	105
Computation of Legal Debt Margin – Last Ten Fiscal Years	106

Financial Statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

STATISTICAL SECTION – CONTINUED	<u>Page</u>
Demographic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	107
Principal Employers – June 30, 2022 and 2013	108
Directory of School Facilities	109
Miscellaneous Statistical Data	110
Operating Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	111
Sources of Revenue	112
Financial Overview of the District	113
General Obligation Debt	114
GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SECTION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	115
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	116
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	117 - 118
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	119 - 120
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program And Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	121 – 123

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Blue Valley Schools

15020 Metcalf - P.O. Box 23901 - Overland Park, Kansas 66283-0901 - 913 239-4000

December 6, 2022

TO THE CITIZENS AND BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE BLUE VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT:

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Blue Valley School District (the "District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This report contains financial statements, supplemental statements and other related information to provide complete and full disclosure of all material financial aspects of the District for the 2022 fiscal year. It includes information on all funds as identified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and all activities considered to be part of the district by Kansas statutes.

Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of this report rests with the District and more specifically, the Finance Department. This department confirms that the accounting system and the budgetary and internal accounting controls of the District provide reasonable assurance that the District assets are safeguarded against loss and that financial records are reliable for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. Based on these systems and controls, the information included in this report is believed to be accurate in all material aspects and is reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and accounts of the Blue Valley School District.

The District's financial statements have been audited by the firm of Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion and that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

The Blue Valley School District was created in 1965 when the Stilwell, Stanley and Oxford Districts unified to create a 91-square mile district in southeastern Johnson County. As of June 30, 2022, the District was comprised of 21 elementary schools, nine middle schools and five high schools with a total enrollment of 21,976 students in the 2021-22 school year. Blue Valley has averaged approximately 170 new students per year from 2013 to 2020. However, in 2021 due to the pandemic, the overall enrollment decreased by approximately 630 students. From 2021 to 2022, the enrollment growth increased by approximately 200 students.

Throughout its history, Blue Valley has been known for the accomplishments of its students and staff. The composite ACT score recorded by 2022 graduates continues to exceed state and national scores. Graduates posted an ACT score of 23.7, compared to the Kansas average of 19.2. Blue Valley graduates in 2022 recorded another year of strong SAT scores while exceeding state and national averages. Blue Valley students scored on average 1297 on the test that measures math, verbal and writing skills. Also, the District had 49 students named National Merit semifinalists.

All five Blue Valley high schools ranked in the top 10 on the U.S. News & World Report best high schools in Kansas list. The prestigious Blue Ribbon distinction from the U.S. Department of Education has been awarded 18 times to district schools for their outstanding educational programs. Blue Valley has had 18 U.S. Presidential Scholars in the last 15 years. On Forbes' 2022 Best in State Employers list, Blue Valley Schools ranked #1 in Kansas. Niche released its 2023 Best Schools in America rankings, and Blue Valley was named the #1 best school district in Kansas. Niche also named Blue Valley the #1 district with the best teachers in Kansas, the 2nd best place to teach in Kansas and a top 100 school district in the nation. Niche's grades and ranking are calculated using dozens of public data sets and millions of reviews. Blue Valley received five recognitions from the 2022 Kansans Can Star Recognition Awards Program.

The District is governed by a seven-member Board of Education. Members of the Board are elected for staggered four-year terms. In addition to making district policy decisions, the Board appoints the Superintendent of Schools, who is responsible for carrying out Board policies. In fiscal year 2022, one Superintendent, two Deputy Superintendents, one Assistant Superintendent and three Chief Officers assisted the Superintendent. During that same year, the District employed a staff of approximately 2,846 personnel FTE, of whom approximately 1,924 were certified staff.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Over the past 20 years Johnson County, within which the District is primarily located, has experienced tremendous growth both in terms of population and employment. Johnson County has grown from a suburban residential community to a self-contained economic unit with its own employment and financial base. The area provides a comfortable work environment, which attracts new businesses and development.

New businesses, office and industrial parks, shopping centers, and residential developments are still being constructed and much of this growth is located in the District. Assessed valuation for Johnson County has grown at an average annual rate of approximately 5% over the past 5 years. The residential population has increased in the school district by approximately 10,000 in the last ten year according to Decennial Census counts. Over the last five years, the District has averaged approximately 400 new single-family building permits per year. The District anticipates continued growth in the coming years. Residential development continues to include primarily upper bracket single family homes.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In addition to navigating another school year in the midst of the COVID-19 pandemic, the District was also able to advance several major initiatives.

Reinvest, Reinforce, Reimagine

With the support of Bond 2020 funds, the District began several projects over the summer of 2022 to reinvest, reinforce and reimagine facilities throughout the District. Over the summer, the District reimagined learning environments at Leawood Elementary, Valley Park Elementary, Indian Valley Elementary, Oak Hill Elementary, Lakewood Elementary, Liberty View Elementary, and Stilwell Elementary as part of an effort to ensure all school environments can best support students and staff, with the remaining elementary schools scheduled to receive similar upgrades over the next year. The District also continued our commitment to safe learning environments by reinforcing safety. Over the summer, construction teams began outfitting all remaining classrooms with new thumb-turn door locks that allow staff members to lock doors from inside the classroom in the event of a safety breach.

Elementary 24

As the District's facilities age, there is always a need to maintain, refresh and renovate existing spaces. Several buildings received roofing work, flooring replacements, major mechanical upgrades and more to ensure they continue to offer the most optimal learning environments. While the majority of projects included in the Bond 2020 package address existing facilities, the bond is also providing funding to build the District's newest elementary school, Elementary 24, located at 182nd and Long St. The new elementary school will be placed into operations beginning August 2023.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Principles

In addition to internal accounting controls, the District maintains budgetary controls. The budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting as required by state statute.

Kansas statutes require that an operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by statute) and debt service funds. The General Fund and Supplemental General Fund are subject to budgetary limitation by state statute. Other funds are not subject to statutory limitation, except the Capital Outlay Fund, which is limited as to the maximum allowable mill levy. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding year on or before August 1st.
- Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

If the District is holding a revenue neutral rate hearing, the budget timeline for adoption of the final budget has been adjusted to on or before September 20th. The District did hold a revenue neutral rate hearing for this year.

Management may not amend the budget without the approval of the Board of Education. However, state statutes permit management to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund without this approval. In addition, the District has policies that require that department heads obtain business office approval prior to making any such transfers. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

If the Board of Education elects to amend the budget, it must publish a notice of public hearing in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the budget may be amended at that time.

Reporting Policies

The District's accounting system accumulates financial information in accordance with the <u>Kansas Accounting</u> <u>Handbook</u> and tracks expenditures by fund, function and object. This system allows effective monitoring of the expenditure of budget appropriations at the departmental level. Reports comparing actual revenues and expenditures to budgeted amounts are prepared each month for management's use. Summarized monthly expenditure reports are also presented to the District's Board of Education. Statutory budget control is at the fund level. Internal budget control is at the account level.

Property Tax Collections

The determination of assessed valuation and the collection of taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is the responsibility of the various counties. The Johnson County Appraiser annually determines the assessed valuation that is used as a basis for the mill levy on property located within the school district. The appraiser's determination is based on criteria established by Kansas statute.

Ad valorem tax statements are mailed to Kansas taxpayers each November 1st and may be paid in half or in full by December 20th, with the remaining one-half due by the following May 20th. Motor vehicles are assessed on January 1st of the current year and the tax is due by the end of the month in which the license plate expires. Taxes are distributed to the District by the county six times per year.

Tables showing the District's tax collections, mill levies and assessed valuation for the last ten years are included in the Statistical Section of this report.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was made possible by the dedication and effort of the entire Finance Department staff. We wish to express our sincere appreciation to all who assisted in its preparation. We also wish to thank the staff of Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. for their assistance. Finally, we wish to thank the members of the Board of Education for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a responsible and insightful manner.

Sincerely,

Forge Merrigan Dr. Tonya Merrigan, Superintendent

Kyle Hayden, Deputy Superintendent

Jereny McFadden, Exec Director of Finance

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS List of Principal Officials June 30, 2022

BOARD OF EDUCATION

President	Patrick Hurley
Vice President	Kaety Bowers
Board Member	Tom Mitchell
Board Member	Jodie Dietz
Board Member	Jan Kessinger
Board Member	5
Board Member	
Board Clerk	Anna Sweenev
Treasurer	
	•

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Tonya Merrigan
Deputy Superintendent for Learning	Dr. Katie Collier
Deputy Superintendent for Finance & Operations	Kyle Hayden
Asst. Superintendent Special Education	Dr. Mark Schmidt
Chief Communications Officer	Kristi McNerlin
Chief Information Officer	Brian Daley
Chief Human Resources Officer	Eric Punswick

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Education Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, budgetary comparison information, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229 (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, budgetary comparison information, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Special Education, KPERS, and Capital Outlay Funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Blue Valley Recreation Commission (Recreation Commission), which is included as the discretely presented component unit and represented 100% of the total assets, revenues, and net position of the discretely presented component unit as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it related to the amounts included for the Recreation Commission, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*) and the *Kansas Municipal Accounting and Audit Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the discretely presented component unit were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's

ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed on the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Overland Park, KS December 6, 2022

This section of the Blue Valley School District's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the district's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position increased by \$42.1 million and overall revenues were \$366.8 million.
- The District's current assets decreased by \$6.3 million, which is primarily attributable to a \$5.4 million decrease in investments. Investments decreased due largely to construction expenditures paid during the 2021-22 fiscal year from bond proceeds that were authorized under the 2020 and 2012 referendums, offset by proceeds from the issuance of the Series 2022-A bonds.
- The District's total outstanding non-current liabilities decreased by \$35.6 million during fiscal year 2021-22. The reason for this decrease was due to a \$63.6 million decrease in net pension liability, offset by an increase in general obligation bond payments due in more than one year of \$27.4 million.
- In accordance with GASB Statements No. 74 & 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District had an actuarial evaluation completed as of January 1, 2022 to determine their obligation for other post-employment benefits. As a result of that evaluation, the District recorded a Total Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability of \$3.4 million as of June 30, 2022, which is an increase of \$0.4 million from the Total OPEB Liability of \$3.0 million recorded as of June 30, 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a whole. The basic financial statements include two types of statements that present different views of the District. The first are the government-wide financial statements and the second are the fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting. This method of accounting is similar to how private sector companies report the results of their operations. These statements account for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The first of the government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. The *Statement of Net Position* presents balance information for the entire District operations at a given point in time (June 30, 2022). The assets include all cash and investments, receivables including interest and taxes assessed that remain uncollected, materials inventory, bond issuance costs and capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation. Liabilities include accounts payable, accrued payroll earnings not yet paid, accrued interest payable, retainage payable, unearned revenue, compensated absences, net OPEB obligation, net pension liability and outstanding general obligation debt. Deferred Inflows of Resources recognize the pension differences between projected and actual investment earnings as well as expected and actual experience as of June 30, 2022. This results in a statement that encompasses the entire operations of the Blue Valley School District.

Although the *Statement of Net Position* reports total net position of \$332.7 million, the District has restrictions over the use of these funds. The investment in facilities and equipment is necessary to carry out the mission of the District. Kansas state law segregates funds and places restrictions on spending. This should be considered when reviewing the report.

The second of the government-wide financial statements is the *Statement of Activities*. This statement shows the results of operations that caused the net position to change from the prior year amount reported to the amount reported on the *Statement of Net Position* as of June 30, 2022. This statement answers the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2022?" This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the school district as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors. Most notably, the results are influenced by:

- The property tax base,
- Funding from local, state and federal sources,
- Operating expenditure limits imposed by Kansas law,
- Building improvements,
- Number of students served,
- Staffing levels, and
- Changes in debt levels

The Statement of Activities classifies expenses by functional area. The report also shows corresponding charges for services and restricted grants for each function that helps support the expenses. The resulting *Net [Expenses] Revenue and Changes in Net Position* shows the remaining expenses not supported by charges for services and restricted grants. General revenues are then applied to the remaining expenses resulting in the total change in net position for the year.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial reports by fund follow the government-wide statements. The major funds are listed separately with all smaller funds aggregated in the column labeled "Other Governmental Funds." As shown on the reconciliations on pages 17 and 20, the fund statements differ from the government-wide statements (*Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities*) by including due to/due from adjustments and excluding the following:

- Bond issuance costs, bonds payable and related accrued interest,
- Cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation,
- Compensated absences,
- Net other post-employment benefit obligations, and
- Net pension liability

These reports provide more detail about the District according to the various funds established under Kansas law. Due to the large number of funds, the major funds are listed separately with the remaining funds aggregated into the column labeled "Other Governmental Funds."

The District has two kinds of funds: governmental and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on 1) how cash and other financial assets, that can be readily converted to cash, flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. The statements show revenue, expenditures, and fund balances for each listed fund.

The fund classifications provide additional information about the entity. The general, supplemental general, special education and other governmental funds encompass the major operating funds. The capital outlay fund is used primarily to repair and remodel District buildings and for equipment and technology purchases. The debt service fund is used to pay outstanding general obligation bonds and related interest charges as they become due. The capital projects fund is the primary source for the purchase of sites, buildings and building improvements and technology projects.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's net position was higher on June 30, 2022 than it was the year before, increasing by \$42.1 million to \$332.7 million. The following are the major components of the District's net position. Due to rounding, the numbers provided below may vary slightly from the amounts presented in the basic financial statements.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Balance As Of June 30, 2021	Balance As Of June 30, 2022
Statement Classifications		
Current assets	\$283,460,989	\$277,178,279
Capital assets	640,401,183	690,378,195
Total assets	<u>\$923,862,172</u>	<u>\$967,556,474</u>
Pension	<u>\$ 65,275,144</u>	<u>\$ 52,585,490</u>
Total deferred outflows	<u>\$ 65,275,144</u>	<u>\$ 52,585,490</u>
Current Liabilities	\$ 94,929,934	\$ 75,980,098
Non-current liabilities	590,542,904	554,957,630
Total liabilities	<u>\$685,472,838</u>	<u>\$630,937,728</u>
Pension	<u>\$ 13,018,553</u>	<u>\$ 56,460,637</u>
Total deferred inflows	<u>\$ 13,018,553</u>	<u> </u>
Net position		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt	\$246,714,792	\$283,756,242
Restricted	59,586,437	58,196,404
Unrestricted	(15,655,304)	(9,209,047)
Total net position	\$290,645,925	\$332,743,599

The increase of \$42.1 million in total net position is due to several factors. It includes a decrease in current assets of \$6.3 million and an increase in capital assets of \$50 million. It also includes a decrease in current liabilities of \$18.9 million and a decrease in non-current liabilities of \$35.6 million. In addition, deferred outflows decreased \$12.7 million and deferred inflows increased \$43.4 million. Net position includes \$283.8 million invested in capital assets, \$58.2 million restricted for debt service and \$(9.2) million unrestricted.

The total costs of all programs and services amounted to \$324.7 million. The following table shows the breakdown of total costs by functional area:

	Percentage
Expense Function	<u>of Total</u>
Instruction	60.0%
Student support services	6.5%
Instructional support staff	3.6%
General administration	1.3%
School administration	4.5%
Central Services	1.9%
Operations and maintenance	10.7%
Student transportation services	2.6%
Food service operations	3.1%
Other support services	3.0%
Interest on long-term debt	2.8%

The table below details the District's change in net position for the last two years.

Changes in Net Position from Operating Results (In millions of dollars)

	Totals For The Year Ended	Totals For The Year Ended
Revenues	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Program revenues	<u>,</u>	k
Charges for services	\$ 4.4	\$ 6.4
Operating grants and contributions	88.0	89.2
General revenues		
Property taxes	152.9	152.9
Grants and entitlements*	96.6	111.5
Investment earnings	0.4	0.7
Miscellaneous	<u>3.7</u>	<u>6.1</u>
Total revenues	346.0	366.8
*not restricted to specific programs		
Expenses		
Instruction	194.3	194.9
Student support services	20.7	21.1
Instructional support staff	21.6	11.7
General administration	2.7	4.1
School administration	15.0	14.7
Central services	11.2	6.1
Operations and maintenance	27.3	34.9
Student transportation services	7.8	8.4
Food service operations	7.1	9.9
Other support services	9.2	9.8
Interest on long term debt	<u>10.7</u>	<u>9.1</u>
Total Expenses	<u>327.6</u>	<u>324.7</u>
Increase [decrease] in net position	<u>\$ 18.4</u>	<u>\$ 42.1</u>

Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229 Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total revenues exceeded expenses during the fiscal year by \$42.1 million and the District's total revenues increased overall by \$20.8 million. The increase was largely attributable to an increase of \$2 million in charges for services and an increase of \$14.9 million in grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs. Expenses decreased by \$2.9 million due largely to a \$9.9 million decrease in instructional support expenses and a \$5.1 million decrease in central service expenses, offset by a \$7.6 million increase in operations and maintenance expenses and a \$2.8 million increase in food service expenses, as well as various increases and decreases in all other functional areas. The decrease in instructional support expenses is due to labor shortages.

The table presented below presents the cost of eleven major activities. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Net Cost of Governmental Activities (In millions of dollars)

	Total Cost	Net Cost
Expense Functions	of Services	of Services
Instruction	\$194.9	\$131.6
Student support services	21.1	7.8
Instructional support staff	11.7	9.7
General administration	4.1	2.7
School administration	14.7	12.8
Central services	6.1	6.1
Operations and maintenance	34.9	33.2
Student transportation services	8.4	0.7
Food service operations	9.9	6.7
Other support services	9.8	8.6
Interest on long-term debt	<u>9.1</u>	<u>9.2</u>
Total	<u>\$324.7</u>	<u>\$229.1</u>

- Costs of \$6.4 million were financed by users of the District's programs.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$86.5 million.
- Most of the District's net cost of services of \$229.1 million was financed by state and local taxpayers.
 - This portion of governmental activities was financed with \$152.8 million in property taxes, \$111.5 million of grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs, \$0.7 million in investment earnings and \$6.1 million in miscellaneous sources.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the district completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$243.7 million; a decrease of \$1.9 million from last year's ending fund balance. Expenditures of \$433.6 million exceeded revenues of \$366.8 million by \$66.9 million. The reason for this decrease in fund balance is detailed in the section below.

The general, supplemental general, special education and debt service funds are the primary source of revenues for the District. These funds account for \$252.6 million or 68.9% of the total revenues. Capital Outlay represents approximately 8.5% of the total and the KPERS fund represents approximately 6.4% of the total. All other capital projects and other governmental funds represent 16.2% of the remaining total.

Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Kansas State laws require the use of a multitude of funds. Many of these funds do not have sufficient resources to pay the expenditures in the funds and therefore transfers must be made from other funds. Typically these transfers are made from the general and supplemental general funds. The following table categorizes the funds to simplify the analysis:

Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures, Transfers and Fund Balance (in millions of dollars)

B <u>Fund</u> Basic Education	eginning Fund <u>Balance</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Other Sources/ <u>Transfers</u>	Ending Fund <u>Balance</u>
General	\$ 0.2	\$111.5	\$ 99.7	\$ (11.8)	\$ 0.2
Supplemental general	φ 0.2 3.9	37.8	φ 33.7 37.5	φ (11.0)	φ 0.2 4.2
Special education	13.6	43.7	52.0	-	5.3
Vocational education	-	5.4	5.3	-	0.1
At Risk (K-12)	-	6.7	3.7	-	3.0
Professional development	-	0.9	0.4	-	0.5
Bilingual	-	2.4	1.9	-	0.5
Virtual education	0.4	0.9	1.2	-	0.1
Gate receipts	0.3	0.9	0.7	-	0.5
Student projects	0.4	0.9	0.9	-	0.4
Instructional materials	5.2	2.4	4.8	-	2.8
Contingency reserve	11.2	-	-	8.3	19.5
Special workers comp rese	erve 1.2	-	0.7	0.5	1.0
Special healthcare reserve		0.0	2.4	3.0	17.2
Special liability	0.7	1.2	0.9	-	1.0
KPERS	-	23.4	23.4	-	-
Cost of Living	0.6	7.2	7.2	-	0.6
Extraordinary Growth	0.5	2.6	2.1	-	1.0
Student Organizations	1.4	2.9	2.6	-	1.7
Gift Fund	1.0	0.6	0.5	-	1.1
Federal and state grants*	0.4	9.0	9.0	-	0.4
Total Basic Education	57.6	260.4	256.9	-	61.1
Expanded Education					
Summer school	0.2	0.1	0.1	-	0.2
Parent education program	-	0.8	0.8	-	-
Total Expanded Education	0.2	0.9	0.9		0.2
Capital					
Capital outlay	48.2	31.3	40.4	-	39.1
Debt service	59.6	59.6	61.0	-	58.2
Capital projects (2012)	12.1	-	9.5	-	2.6
Capital projects (2020)	66.1	0.1	54.8	64.9	76.3
Special assessment	0.6	0.5	0.4	-	0.7
Total Capital	186.6	91.5	166.1	64.9	176.9
Food Service	1.3	13.8	9.6	-	5.5
Total	\$ 245.7	\$ 366.6	\$ 433.5	\$ 64.9	\$ 243.7

* Federal and state grants include the following funds: DAC Grant, Title I, Blue Valley Foundation Grant, Community Grants, Kauffman CAPS Networking Grant, Title II-A, Title III, Safe Schools Grant and other Federal Grants.

Overall, total revenue plus other sources (issuance of bonds) were slightly below expenditures, leaving an ending fund balance of \$243.7 million. An analysis of the above table's categories follows:

Basic Education revenues exceeded expenditures by \$3.5 million. The general and supplemental general funds are subject to an expenditure limit. The limit is based upon a weighted number of students multiplied by the base state aid per pupil provided in the law. The number of students includes those who are enrolled and attending school on September 20. During the 2021-22 school year, the base state aid per pupil was funded at \$4,706. Additional weighting is provided for students receiving bilingual, vocational, at-risk or transportation services. Other weightings also apply but are not discussed here in the interest of brevity. In recent years, the base state aid per pupil has been increased annually through school finance litigation to account for inflation. The textbook, student projects, student materials and gate receipts funds can be increased with school board approval but are only a small part of the basic education group of funds.

Any balances remaining in the general and supplemental general funds are used to support the subsequent year limit. Therefore, remaining balances in these funds should not be considered as additional resources available to the District in excess of the expenditure limits. The general and supplemental general funds ending fund balances represent \$4.4 million (7.2%) of the basic education balance of \$61.1 million.

Kansas statutes allows school districts to carry a balance in the Special Education fund, the Vocational Education fund, the At-Risk fund, the Professional Development fund, the Bilingual fund, the Contingency Reserve fund, the Special Reserve fund, the Special Liability fund and all other Special Revenue funds. During the 2021-22 school year, the Special Education fund expenditures exceeded revenues by \$8.3 million. The District has been self-funding their workmen's compensation coverage from the Special Reserve fund. The District began self-insuring their health insurance plan on January 1, 2011 and all revenues and expenditures related to this plan are also accounted for in the Special Reserve fund. The Special Liability fund is used to pay the cost of providing for the school district's defense pursuant to the Kansas tort claims act.

- Expanded Education revenues equaled expenditures for the 2021-22 fiscal year. This group of funds had an ending fund balance of \$0.2 million at June 30, 2022. Tuition for the summer school program is collected prior to June 30th, but most of the expenditures are paid in July and August. The District can adjust revenue in the summer school programs as these are fee based programs supported by the users of the programs.
- Capital funds expenditures exceeded revenues by \$74.6 million. Bond issuances totaled \$64.9 million. Ending capital fund balances totaled \$176.9 million. Construction funds accounted for \$78.9 million of the total ending fund balance. In January 2020, District voters endorsed a \$186.8 million bond referendum. In May 2020, the District sold the first installment of par amount bonds of \$125.0 million approved in the 2020 referendum. In April 2022, the District sold the remaining par amount bonds of \$61.8 million.

The capital outlay fund has a balance of \$39.1 million. The fund balance includes budgeted amounts for projects that are only partially completed and paid as of June 30, 2022. The mill rate on this fund in 2021-22 is 8 mills which is at the statutory limit of 8 mills.

The debt service balance of \$58.2 million is available to pay the scheduled bond and interest payments in October 2022 and April 2023. The current mill rate is sufficient to pay the remaining bonds and interest as they become due.

• Food service revenues exceeded expenditures by \$4.2 million leaving an ending fund balance of \$5.5 million, primarily due to pandemic related federal meal subsidies. Although transfers from other tax supported funds are allowed under Kansas law, Blue Valley's food service program operates without this support. The school board has the authority to adjust meal prices as necessary.

Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following table summarizes the general fund budget variances (In millions of dollars):

Revenue	Original Budget	Final Budget	Increase/ [Decrease]	Actual Amounts	Over/[Under] Final Budget
Intergovernmental	\$ 152.4	\$ 152.1	\$ [0.3]	\$ 152.1	\$ -
Other Revenue	-	-		-	-
Total Revenue	152.4	152.1	[0.3]	152.1	-
Expenditures					
Instruction	60.5	60.5	-	57.2	[3.3]
Student Support	5.6	5.6	-	5.2	[0.4]
Instructional Support	7.2	7.2	-	6.9	[0.3]
General Admin	1.1	1.1	-	1.0	[0.1]
School Administration	9.8	9.8	-	9.7	[0.1]
Operations/Maint.	11.7	11.7	-	11.3	[0.4]
Other Support Serv.	7.8	7.8	-	7.5	[0.3]
Transportation	1.4	1.4	-	1.0	[0.4]
Transfers Out	47.3	47.3	-	52.3	5.0
Legal Max Adjust		[0.3]	[0.3]	-	0.3
Total Expenditures	\$ 152.4	\$ 152.1	\$ [0.3]	\$ 152.1	\$-

The final general fund expenditures budget remained unchanged from the original budget. The final general fund budget is based on the total student FTE (with all applicable weightings) as of September 20th, multiplied by the Base Aid for Student Excellence (BASE). The BASE amount for 2021-22 was \$4,706.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2022 fiscal year, the District had invested \$1.1 billion in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, computer equipment, and administrative offices. The accumulated depreciation on the capital assets amounted to \$393.6 million, resulting in capital assets, net of depreciation of \$689.2 million. This amount represents an increase of \$50.2 million from last year. The value of additions in comparison to previous years were higher due largely to construction in progress resulting from the 2020 bond referendum.

Capital Assets (Net of depreciation, in millions of dollars)

	Assets As Of	Assets As Of	%
	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>Depreciated</u>
Land	\$33.4	\$33.4	n/a
Construction in progress	61.8	124.2	n/a
Buildings and improvements	487.0	477.2	36.5%
Site improvements	34.7	33.4	59.5%
Infrastructure	9.8	9.1	50.9%
Furniture	0.3	0.2	93.3%
Technology	6.5	6.8	77.3%
Vehicles	2.4	2.2	53.1%
Food Service	0.2	0.2	97.3%
Equipment	<u>2.9</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>91.4%</u>
Total	\$639.0	\$689.2	36.4%

More information regarding the district's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements (Note 3-C).

Long-Term Debt

Moody's Investors Services and Standard & Poor's have rated the Blue Valley School District at Aaa and AA+, respectively. Kansas law limits the amount of outstanding indebtedness. The statutory limit for the District on June 30, 2022 is at approximately \$583.0 million, but when necessary, Kansas school districts may be given permission to exceed the limit by the State of Kansas. As of June 30, 2022, the District has \$376.2 million of outstanding debt. The District continued to pay down its debt, retiring approximately \$49.5 million of outstanding bonds. The District has a high debt per capita because of its continued growth. Building expansion has been funded with debt, and District management does not feel that the amount of debt is a burden to taxpayers.

More information regarding the District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements (Note 3-D).

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Blue Valley School District, 15020 Metcalf, Overland Park, Kansas 66223.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	Primary Government Total Governmental Activities	Component Unit Total Governmental Activities
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		710111100
Current assets: Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 260,037,450	\$ 12,361,949
Interest Other Prepaids Material and supplies investory	165,784 15,467,473 1,262,805 244,767	1,492
Material and supplies inventory Total current assets	277,178,279	12,363,441
Noncurrent assets:		12,000,111
Prepaids Capital assets	1,216,781	-
Nondepreciable capital assets	157,533,112	1,545,315
Depreciable capital assets	925,267,805 [393,639,503]	57,236,118 [16,758,752]
Less: Accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	<u>[393,039,303]</u> 690,378,195	42,022,681
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total assets	967,556,474	54,386,122
Deferred outflow of resources		
Deferred KPERS OPEB amounts	455,890	-
Deferred OPEB amounts	971,474 51,158,126	-
Deferred pension amounts		
Total deferred outflows of resources	52,585,490	-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 1,020,141,964</u>	\$ 54,386,122
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 8,752,996	\$ 3,096
Accrued compensation, payroll withholdings and taxes	21,278,376	281,731
Other payables	-	9,751
Current portion compensated absences Accrued interest payable	536,050 3,106,668	201,436 185,502
Retainage payable	2,790,728	-
Unearned revenue	1,853,338	823,938
Long-term liabilities	27.004.040	
General obligation bonds due within one year	37,661,942	- 2,069,846
Certificates of participation due within one year Total current liabilities	75,980,098	3,575,300
Noncurrent liabilities:		010101000
Compensated absences	1,793,481	-
Total other post employment benefit liability (KPERS)	3,576,967	-
Total other post employment benefit liability Net pension liability	3,403,611 178,440,341	-
Long-term liabilities	170,440,041	-
General obligation bonds due in more than one year	367,743,230	-
Certificates of participation due in more than one year		17,846,852
Total noncurrent liabilities	554,957,630	17,846,852
Total liabilities	630,937,728	21,422,152
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred OPEB amounts	5,639,032	-
Deferred KPERS OPEB amounts	380,644	-
Deferred amount on refunding	403,962	-
Deferred pension amounts	50,036,999	<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	56,460,637	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 687,398,365</u>	\$ 21,422,152
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 283,756,242	\$ 22,105,983
Debt service	58,196,404	-
Donor restricted projects	-	83,074
Employee benefits Unrestricted	- [9,209,047]	1,554,432 9,220,481
Total net position	<u>\$ 332,743,599</u>	\$ 32,963,970

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Net [Expenses and Changes in	
			Progra	n Revenues	Primary Government	Component Unit
				Operating	Total	Total
			Charges for	Grants and	Governmental	Governmental
		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities
Governmental activiti	ies:					
Instruction		\$ 194,864,600	\$ 3,702,350	\$ 59,524,441	\$ [131,637,809]	\$-
Student support service	es	21,142,311		- 13,390,842	[7,751,469]	-
Instructional support st	aff	11,678,565		- 1,994,740	[9,683,825]	-
General administration		4,054,021		- 1,309,843	[2,744,178]	
School administration		14,748,200		- 1,937,399	[12,810,801]	
Central services		6,121,477			[6,121,477]	
Operations and mainte		34,854,643		- 1,651,024	[33,203,619]	
Student transportation		8,389,097	0 744 040	- 7,695,535	[693,562]	
Food service operation		9,919,308	2,711,348		[6,723,863]	
Other support services		9,791,569		- 1,238,357	[8,553,212]	
Interest on long-term d	ebt	9,154,262			[9,154,262]	
Total primary governme	ent	\$ 324,718,053	\$ 6,413,698	\$ 89,226,278	[229,078,077]	
Component unit:						
Blue Valley Recreation	Commission					
Culture and recreation	n	<u>\$ 12,634,642</u>	<u>\$ 6,460,979</u>	<u>\$ 10,000</u>		[6,173,663]
Total component unit		\$ 12,634,642	\$ 6,460,979	\$ 10,000		[6,173,663]
	General Revenue Property taxes levi	ed for			CO 405 CO5	0.570.004
	General purposes Debt service	5			62,125,625 59,644,855	8,578,301
	Capital outlay				31,076,478	-
	Grants and entitler	ments not restricte	ed to specific p	rograms	111,497,878	-
	Investments earnir		su to specific p	logiallis	668,087	[62,175]
	Miscellaneous	190/[1000]			6,162,828	107,631
	Subtotal general re	evenues			271,175,751	8,623,757
	Change in net pos	ition			42,097,674	2,450,094
	Net position - begi	nning			290,645,925	30,503,876
	Net position - endi	ng			\$ 332,743,599	\$ 32,953,970

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

		<u>General*</u>	Special Education		<u>KPERS</u>		Capital <u>Outlay</u>	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	38,010,861	\$ 4,864,094	\$	-	\$	39,550,674	
Receivables Interest Other Prepaids Due from other funds Material and supplies inventory		- 5,897,748 - 3,467,275 87,319	 165,784 378,103 - -		- 5,974,925 - - -		- - 271,330 - -	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	47,463,203	\$ 5,407,981	<u>\$</u>	5,974,925	<u>\$</u>	39,822,004	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Retainage payable Unearned revenue	\$	415,736 21,278,376 - 235,233	\$ 81,492 - - 31,034	\$	5,974,925 - - - -	\$	751,154 - - - -	
Total liabilities		21,929,345	 112,526		5,974,925		751,154	
Fund balance: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned		87,319 1,599,272 140,208 23,707,059	 - 5,236,408 59,047 -				271,330 24,484,618 14,314,902 -	
Total fund balances		25,533,858	 5,295,455	_			39,070,850	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	47,463,203	\$ 5,407,981	\$	5,974,925	\$	39,822,004	

* See the General Fund Combining Balance Sheet on page 61

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Debt <u>Service</u>		2012 Capital <u>Projects</u>		2020 Capital <u>Projects</u>		Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
\$ 58,196,404	\$	3,639,501	\$	76,397,494	\$	39,378,422	\$	260,037,450
 - - - -		- - 26,000 - -		- 2,150,801 - -		- 3,216,697 31,455 - 157,448		165,784 15,467,473 2,479,586 3,467,275 244,767
\$ 58,196,404	\$	3,665,501	\$	78,548,295	\$	42,784,022	\$	281,862,335
\$ -	\$	9,374	\$	468,024	\$	1,052,291	\$	8,752,996 21,278,376
-		-		-		- 3,467,275		3,467,275
-		1,030,234		1,760,494		-		2,790,728
 -		-		-		1,587,071		1,853,338
 -		1,039,608		2,228,518		6,106,637		38,142,713
		26,000		2,150,801		188,903		2,724,353
- 58,196,404		1,500,188		36,668,128		35,341,202		163,026,220
-		1,099,705		37,500,848		1,485,723		54,600,433
 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		[338,443]		23,368,616
 58,196,404		2,625,893		76,319,777		36,677,385		243,719,622
\$ 58,196,404	\$	3,665,501	\$	78,548,295	\$	42,784,022	\$	281,862,335

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 243,719,622
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		
The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	1,082,800,917 [393,639,503]	689,161,414
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position. Deferred outflows - pension related Deferred outflows - OPEB related Deferred outflows - KPERS OPEB related Deferred inflows - pension related Deferred inflows - OPEB related Deferred inflows - NPEB related Deferred inflows - KPERS OPEB related	51,158,126 971,474 455,890 [50,036,999] [5,639,032] [380,644]	[3,471,185]
The following liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. These liabilities at year end consist of: Bonds payable Deferred amount on refunding Accrued compensation Total other post employment benefit liabilities Total other post employment benefit liabilities (KPERS) Net pension liability Accrued interest on the bonds	[405,405,172] [403,962] [2,329,531] [3,403,611] [3,576,967] [178,440,341] [3,106,668]	[596,666,252]
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 332,743,599

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	<u>General*</u>	Special <u>Education</u>	KPERS	Capital <u>Outlay</u>
Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 47,679,221 111,497,878	\$ 5,445,074 37,261,120	\$ - 23,420,011 -	\$ 31,076,478 - -
Use of money and property	-	560,334	-	-
Other local sources	35,600	381,695		225,027
Total revenues	159,212,699	43,648,223	23,420,011	31,301,505
EXPENDITURES:				
Current				
Instruction	98,084,817	34,524,249	15,757,594	3,366,028
Student support services	6,821,132	9,257,600	2,053,992	-
Instructional support staff	7,698,163	580,142	1,104,867	1,099,161
General administration	944,220	875,629	230,829	12,395
School administration	13,055,131	219,342	1,417,229	-
Central services	-	-	-	3,988,134
Operations and maintenance	11,384,099	7,111	1,387,552	14,121,472
Student transportation services	973,411	6,487,076	13,542	860,994
Food service operations	-	-	408,929	-
Other support services	7,483,372	595	1,045,477	89,043
Capital outlay	-	-	-	16,857,050
Debt service				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and other charges				
Total expenditures	146,444,345	51,951,744	23,420,011	40,394,277
Excess [deficiency] of revenues				
over [under] expenditures	12,768,354	[8,303,521]		[9,092,772]
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]				
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-
Bond premium	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	8,320,274	-	-	-
Transfers [out]	[11,817,314]			
Total other financing sources [uses]	[3,497,040]			
Net change in fund balances	9,271,314	[8,303,521]	-	[9,092,772]
Fund balance - Beginning of year	16,262,544	13,598,976		48,163,622
Fund balance - End of year	\$ 25,533,858	\$ 5,295,455	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 39,070,850

* See the General Fund Combining Statement of Revneues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances on page 62

Debt <u>Service</u>		2012 Capital <u>Projects</u>	2020 Capital <u>Projects</u>	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	Ģ	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
\$ 59,644,855	\$	-	\$ -	\$	9,001,330	\$	152,846,958	
-		-	-		28,545,147		200,724,156	
-		-	-		6,413,698		6,413,698	
-		7,748	61,912		38,093		668,087	
 -		-	 -		5,520,506		6,162,828	
 59,644,855	_	7,748	 61,912		49,518,774		366,815,727	
-		-	-		28,248,237		179,980,925	
-		-	-		3,039,816		21,172,540	
-		-	-		1,449,047		11,931,380	
-		-	-		1,540,249		3,603,322	
-		-	-		423,567		15,115,269	
-		-	-		-		3,988,134	
-		-	-		331,997		27,232,231	
-		-	-		58,101		8,393,124	
-		-	-		9,631,974		10,040,903	
-		-	-		954,879		9,573,366	
-		9,471,294	54,827,059		465,926		81,621,329	
49,490,000		-	-		-		49,490,000	
 11,544,888			 				11,544,888	
 61,034,888		9,471,294	 54,827,059		46,143,793		433,687,411	
 [1,390,033]		[9,463,546]	 [54,765,147]		3,374,981		[66,871,684]	
-		-	61,835,000		-		61,835,000	
-		-	3,101,810		-		3,101,810	
-		-	-		3,497,040		11,817,314	
 -		-	 -		-		[11,817,314]	
 			 64,936,810		3,497,040		64,936,810	
[1,390,033]		[9,463,546]	10,171,663		6,872,021		[1,934,874]	
 59,586,437		12,089,439	 66,148,114		29,805,364		245,654,496	
\$ 58,196,404	\$	2,625,893	\$ 76,319,777	\$	36,677,385	\$	243,719,622	

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES WITH THE GOVERNMENT - WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total Net Change In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	[1,934,874]
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
	[20,430] 75,708,212 [25,559,275]	50,128,507
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the amount by which interest decreased.		6,891
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and net other post employment benefit obligations, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Changes in KPERS OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Changes in pension liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Changes in deferred amount on refunding		[24,215] 1,962,472 [129,507] 5,131,044 44,413
General obligation bond proceeds are other financing sources in the governmental funds, but they increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and do not affect the statement of activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		[62,577,057]
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.	_	49,490,000
Changes In Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	42,097,674

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GAAP Basis*	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Budgetary Basis	Budgetec	l Amounts Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]
REVENUES:	Dasis	Dasis	Dasis	Oliginar	<u>i ilidi</u>	Inegative
Intergovernmental:						
State and local	\$ 111,497,878	\$ 14,553,407	\$ 126,051,285	\$ 127,096,283	\$ 126,782,928	\$ [731,643]
Special education aid	-	25,974,933	25,974,933	25,278,890	25,278,890	696,043
Total intergovernmental	111,497,878	40,528,340	152,026,218	152,375,173	152,061,818	[35,600]
Other local sources	35,600		35,600	-		35,600
Total revenues	111,533,478	40,528,340	152,061,818	152,375,173	152,061,818	-
EXPENDITURES:						
Instruction	57,175,460	16,977	57,192,437	60,521,728	60,521,728	3,329,291
Student support services	5,219,372	[409]	5,218,963	5,604,906	5,604,906	385,943
Instructional support staff	6,882,060	22,771	6,904,831	7,166,431	7,166,431	261,600
General administration	944,220	[15,368]	928,852	1,105,012	1,105,012	176,160
School administration	9,719,035	[436]	9,718,599	9,783,750	9,783,750	65,151
Operations and maintenance	11,283,593	21,772	11,305,365	11,701,997	11,701,997	396,632
Other support services	7,483,372	[9,666]	7,473,706	7,759,257	7,759,257	285,551
Transportation	973,411	-	973,411	1,449,215	1,449,215	475,804
	,		<u> </u>		,	,
Total expenditures	99,680,523	35,641	99,716,164	105,092,296	105,092,296	5,376,132
Excess [deficiency] of revenues						
over [under] expenditures	11,852,955	40,492,699	52,345,654	47,282,877	46,969,522	5,376,132
[]+	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	,		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]						
Transfers [out]	[11,817,314]	[40,528,340]	[52,345,654]	[47,282,877]	[47,282,877]	[5,062,777]
	[11,017,314]	[40,526,540]	[52,345,054]	[47,202,077]	• • • •	• • •
Adjustments for legal max					313,355	[313,355]
				[17 000 077]	140 000 5 001	15 0 70 4001
Total other financing sources [uses]	[11,817,314]	[40,528,340]	[52,345,654]	[47,282,877]	[46,969,522]	[5,376,132]
Excess [deficiency] of revenues						
and other sources over [under]						
expenditures and other [uses]	35,641	[35,641]	-	\$-	\$-	\$-
, [acco]	00,011	[50,011]		<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	191,886	[191,886]	-			
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 227,527	\$ [227,527]	\$ -			
I GILD DALANOL - LING OF YOUR	Ψ <u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u>	ψ [LL1,0L1]	Ψ			

* - This schedule includes only amounts recorded in the General Fund itself. The General Fund column on the Governmental Fund Balance sheet and Governmental Funds Satement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes activity from other funds that do not qualify for reporting as individual funds. See the General Fund combining schedules on page 61 and 62 for additional information.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	Adjustments to Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgetec <u>Original</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]	
REVENUES:				-		
Taxes Current	<u>\$ 5,445,074</u>	<u>\$ [5,445,074]</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Total taxes	5,445,074	[5,445,074]				<u> </u>
Intergovernmental: Federal State and local	4,590,817 32,670,303	[378,103] [31,632,168]	4,212,714 1,038,135	6,601,422	6,601,422	[2,388,708] 1,038,135
Total intergovernmental	37,261,120	[32,010,271]	5,250,849	6,601,422	6,601,422	[1,350,573]
Use of money and property Other local sources	560,334 381,695	- 	560,334 381,695	125,000 531,848	125,000 531,848	435,334 [150,153]
Total revenues	43,648,223	[37,455,345]	6,192,878	7,258,270	7,258,270	[1,065,392]
EXPENDITURES: Instruction Student support services Instructional support staff General administration School administration Other support services Operations and maintenance Transportation	34,524,249 9,257,600 580,142 875,629 219,342 595 7,111 6,487,076	20,630 - [16,036] - - - [1,284]	34,544,879 9,257,600 564,106 875,629 219,342 595 7,111 6,485,792	39,470,080 9,925,003 655,951 878,706 217,934 800 8,553 7,182,590	39,470,080 9,925,003 655,951 878,706 217,934 800 8,553 7,182,590	4,925,201 667,403 91,845 3,077 [1,408] 205 1,442 696,798
Total expenditures	51,951,744	3,310	51,955,054	58,339,617	58,339,617	6,384,563
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	[8,303,521]	[37,458,655]	[45,762,176]	[51,081,347]	[51,081,347]	5,319,171
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]: Transfers in		37,077,242	37,077,242	45,536,019	45,536,019	[8,458,777]
Total other financing sources [uses]		37,077,242	37,077,242	45,536,019	45,536,019	[8,458,777]
Excess [deficiency] of revenues and other sources over [under] expenditures and other [uses]	[8,303,521]	[381,413]	[8,684,934]	<u>\$ [5,545,328]</u>	<u>\$ [5,545,328]</u>	<u>\$ [3,139,606]</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	13,598,976	[55,737]	13,543,239			
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 5,295,455	<u>\$ [437,150]</u>	\$ 4,858,305			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) KPERS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Adjustments		5		Variance with Final Budget
	GAAP	to Budgetary	Budgetary	0	d Amounts	Positive
REVENUES:	<u>Basis</u>	Basis	<u>Basis</u>	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	[Negative]
Intergovernmental	<u>\$ 23,420,011</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 23,420,011</u>	<u>\$ 27,015,769</u>	<u>\$ 27,015,769</u>	<u>\$ [3,595,758]</u>
Total revenues	23,420,011	<u> </u>	23,420,011	27,015,769	27,015,769	[3,595,758]
EXPENDITURES:						
Instruction	15,757,594	-	15,757,594	18,176,912	18,176,912	2,419,318
Student support services	2,053,992	-	2,053,992	2,369,337	2,369,337	315,345
Instructional support staff	1,104,867	-	1,104,867	1,274,496	1,274,496	169,629
General administration	230,829	-	230,829	266,267	266,267	35,438
School administration	1,417,229	-	1,417,229	1,634,832	1,634,832	217,603
Operations and maintenance	1,387,552	-	1,387,552	1,600,576	1,600,576	213,024
Transportation	13,542	-	13,542	15,615	15,615	2,073
Other support services	1,045,477	-	1,045,477	1,206,011	1,206,011	160,534
Food service operations	408,929		408,929	471,723	471,723	62,794
Total expenditures	23,420,011		23,420,011	27,015,769	27,015,769	3,595,758
Excess [deficiency] of revenues						
over [under] expenditures	-	-	-	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year						
FUND BALANCE - End of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		GAAP Basis	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis			Budgetary Basis	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					ariance with inal Budget Positive [Negative]
REVENUES:		00313		0000		<u>Dasis</u>		Oliginar	<u>Filla</u>		Inegative	
Taxes:												
In process	\$	519,957	\$	_	\$	519,957	\$	516,833	\$	516,833	\$	3,124
Current	Ψ	27,650,701	Ψ	_	Ψ	27,650,701	Ψ	26,464,271	Ψ	26,464,271	Ψ	1,186,430
Delinguent		489,436		-		489,436		109,164		109,164		380,272
Motor vehicle		2,398,959		-		2,398,959		2,423,606		2,423,606		[24,647]
Rental excise		17,425		_		17,425		21,606		21,606		[4,181]
Rental excise		17,420				17,420		21,000		21,000		[4,101]
Total taxes		31,076,478		-		31,076,478		29,535,480		29,535,480		1,540,998
Use of money and property		_		-		_		75,000		75,000		[75,000]
Other local sources		225,027		_		225,027		80,000		80,000		145,027
Other local sources		220,021				220,021		00,000		00,000		140,021
Total revenues		31,301,505		<u> </u>		31,301,505		29,690,480		29,690,480		1,611,025
EXPENDITURES:												
Instruction		3,366,028		873,119		4,239,147		13,744,922		13,744,922		9,505,775
Instructional support staff		1,099,161		98,867		1,198,028		1,060,891		1,060,891		[137,137]
General administration		12,395		-		12,395		12,250		12,250		[145]
Central services		3,988,134		[173,396]		3,814,738		4,033,452		4,033,452		218,714
Operations and maintenance		14,121,472		[25,190]		14,096,282		19,291,363		19,291,363		5,195,081
Transportation		860,994		295,104		1,156,098		1,229,622		1,229,622		73,524
Other support services		89,043		-		89,043		10,200		10,200		[78,843]
Capital outlay		16,857,050		1,590,770		18,447,820		19,263,338		19,263,338		815,518
Total expenditures		40,394,277		2,659,274		43,053,551		58,646,038		58,646,038		15,592,487
·		<u> </u>		, <u>, </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>
Excess [deficiency] of revenues												
over [under] expenditures		[9,092,772]		[2,659,274]		[11,752,046]	\$	[28,955,558]	\$	[28,955,558]	\$	17,203,512
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year		48,163,622		[11,926,958]		36,236,664						
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$	39,070,850	\$	[14,586,232]	\$	24,484,618						

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS: Cash and investments	<u>\$ -</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ -</u>
LIABILITIES: Other liabilities	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ -</u>
NET POSITION: Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ -</u>

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>
ADDITIONS: Tax collections for other governments	<u>\$ 8,578,298</u>
Total additions	8,578,298
DEDUCTIONS: Payments of tax to other governments	8,578,298
Total deductions	8,578,298
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	
Net position - beginning, restated	
Net position - ending	<u>\$ -</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229 (the District) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member board. These financial statements present the District and its component unit.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the financial statements present data for all funds of the District and a component unit, an entity for which the District is considered to be financially accountable.

The determination of financial accountability includes consideration of a number of criteria including (1) the appointment of a voting majority of an entity's governing authority and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the entity, (2) the potential for the entity to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government and (3) the entity's fiscal dependency on the primary government.

Discretely Presented Component Unit. The following component unit is reported discretely to emphasize that it is legally separated from the District.

<u>Recreation Commission:</u> Blue Valley Recreation Commission is governed by a seven-member board appointed by the District and oversees recreational activities. The recreation commission can sue and be sued, but acquisition of real property by the commission must be approved by the District. The District levies taxes for the recreation commission. Bond issuances must be approved by the District.

Complete financial statements for the Blue Valley Recreation Commission are available from its office at 8026 W. 151st Street, Overland Park, Kansas 66223.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. All activities of the District are governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the school district.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not measure results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is used to account for the general operations of the District and all unrestricted revenues and expenditures not provided for in other funds.

The Special Education Fund is used to account for federal and state aid revenues received and used for the education of students with special needs.

The KPERS Fund is used to account for the inflow and outflow of the State of Kansas's share of the public employee retirement system contributions.

The Capital Outlay Fund is used to account for tax revenues which are primarily utilized for the acquisition, construction, and repair and remodeling of school district buildings.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payments of interest and principal on general long-term debt, which are general obligations of the District.

The 2012 Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of major capital facilities financed by the District's general obligation bond issues.

The 2020 Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of major capital facilities financed by the District's general obligation bond issues.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose. The Special Reserve and the Special Healthcare Reserve Funds reported separately in these financial statements are combined for State of Kansas reporting purposes.

The custodial funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for individuals, other governmental units, private organizations and/or other funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Material and Supplies Inventory

Material and supplies inventory is valued using the first in/first out cost method. For fund financial statements the cost is recorded as an expenditure in the year consumed. For fund financial statement reporting the reserve for material and supplies inventory is equal to the amount of inventories on hand to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not available for future expenditures.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000. District capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated market value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings and Improvements	50
Site Improvements	20
Furniture	10
Technology	5
Vehicles	15
Equipment	5

Assets which have been acquired with funds received through federal grants must be used in accordance with the terms of the grant. Federal regulations require, in some cases, that the District must reimburse the federal government for any assets which the District retains for its own use after the termination of the grant unless otherwise provided for by the grantor.

F. Compensated Absences Liabilities

Under terms of the District's personnel policy, District employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is not paid for accumulated sick days. However, if an employee retires, is KPERS eligible and has at least ten years of service with the district, they are entitled to a payout in accordance with the Negotiated Agreement between the Blue Valley National Education Association and the Blue Valley Board of Education. The same benefit is also afforded to all classified personnel. Vacation earned by administrators may be accumulated to a maximum of 20 days. Vacation earned by full-time classified employees with less than six years of employment in the District may accumulate to a maximum of fifteen days. Vacation earned by classified employees with six or more years of employment in the District may accumulate to a maximum of 20 days. Compensated absences are recorded as a liability on the statement of net position until actually expended; once expended, the amount is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

The General Fund, Supplemental General Fund, Special Education Fund, and Other Governmental have been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

I. Pensions

The net pension liability is calculated as the difference between the actuarially calculated value of the projected benefit payments attributed to past periods of employee service and the plan's net fiduciary position. The total pension expense is comprised of the service cost of actuarial present value of project benefit payments attributed to the value year, interest on the total pension liability, plan administrative expense, current year benefit changes, and other changes in plan fiduciary net position less employee contributions and project earnings on plan investments. Additionally, the total pension expense include the annual recognition of outflows and inflows of resources due to pension assets and liability.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and additions to/deductions from KPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Fund Balance Reserves

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the following classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance indicates that constraints have been placed on the use of resources either by being externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Committed fund balances include amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. Assigned fund balances include amounts that are constrained by the District management's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted for purposes for which both committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance is available, the following is the order in which resources will be expended: committed, assigned and unassigned.

			Ma	ajor Governmen	tal Funds				
Fund Balances:	General <u>Funds</u>	Special Education <u>Fund</u>	KPERS <u>Fund</u>	Capital Outlay <u>Fund</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	2012 Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	2020 Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Nonspendable Inventory Prepaids	\$ 87,319 -	\$-	\$ - -	\$- 271,330	\$ - -	\$ - 26,000	\$- 2,150,801	\$ 157,448 31,455	\$ 244,767 2,479,586
Restricted for: Special education instruction Debt retirement School construction and	-	5,236,408 -	-	-	- 58,196,404	-	-	-	5,236,408 58,196,404
equipment Instruction Healthcare and general liabilities Food service operations	۔ 1,599,272 - -	- - -		24,484,618 - - -	-	1,500,188 - - -	36,668,128 - - -	670,332 11,215,838 18,161,501 5,293,531	63,323,266 12,815,110 18,161,501 5,293,531
Assigned for: Special education instruction School construction and	-	59,047	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,047
equipment Instruction Healthcare and general liabilities	- 140,208 -	-	-	14,314,902 - -	-	1,099,705 - -	37,500,848 - -	۔ 1,480,432 5,291	52,915,455 1,620,640 5,291
Unassigned:	23,707,059							(338,443)	23,368,616
Total Fund Balances	\$25,533,858	\$ 5,295,455	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 39,070,850	\$ 58,196,404	\$ 2,625,893	<u>\$76,319,777</u>	\$36,677,385	\$ 243,719,622

The following is the detail for fund balance classifications in the financial statements:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in the government-wide statement of net position for deferred outflows related to the net pension liability, KPERS total OPEB liability, and total OPEB liability. For more information on deferred outflows, see Note 4. A. for pensions, Note 4. E. for OPEB, and Note 4. F for KPERS OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four types of items: deferred amount on refunding and deferred inflows related to net pension liability, KPERS total OPEB liability, and total OPEB liability. The government funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. For more information on deferred inflows, see Note 4. A. for pensions, Note 4. E. for OPEB, and Note 4. F for KPERS OPEB.

Note 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by statute) and debt service funds. The General Fund and Supplemental General Fund are subject to budgetary limitation by state statute. Other funds are not subject to statutory limitation. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5th.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

If the municipality is holding a revenue neutral rate hearing, the budget timeline for adoption of the final budget has been adjusted to on or before September 20th. The District did hold a revenue neutral rate hearing for this year.

Management may not amend the budget without the approval of the Board of Education. However, state statutes permit management to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund without this approval. In addition, the District has policies that require that department heads obtain business office approval prior to making any such transfers. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

If the board of education elects to amend the budget, it must publish a notice of public hearing in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held and the budget may be amended at that time. The budget for the school year was not amended.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the statutory basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the District for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end, except for capital project funds which are carried forward until such time as the project is completed or terminated. Encumbered appropriations (encumbrances) are reported as expenditures in the current year's budgetary presentation and as reservations of fund balances in the governmental fund financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, the actual expenditure data presented in the budgetary prepared in conformity with accounting fund financial statements prepared in the governmental fund financial statements prepared in the governmental fund financial statements prepared in the governmental fund financial statements appropriation in the governmental fund financial statements are prepared in the governmental fund financial statements are prepared in the governmental fund financial statements appropriation in the governmental fund financial statements approaches and an expenditure data presented in the budgetary comparison statements differ from the data presented in the governmental fund financial statements prepared in conformity accepted in the United States of America.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital projects funds, custodial funds, and certain special revenue funds. Legal operating budgets are required for the following funds: General, Supplemental General, Bilingual Education, Virtual Education, Capital Outlay, Food Service, Professional Development, Parent Education Program, Summer School, Special Education, Extraordinary School Program, Vocational Education, Special Assessment, Federal Funds, Gifts and Grants Funds, Special Liability, At Risk (K-12), KPERS and the Debt Service Fund.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirements are controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the board of education.

The actual data presented in the budgetary comparison statements differs from the data presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The following is a summary of the effects on the ending fund balances caused by the difference in accounting between the budgetary basis and GAAP.

	General Funds	Special Education Fund	KPERS Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Debt Service Fund	2012 Capital Projects Fund	2020 Capital Projects Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Budgeted Governmental Funds
GAAP FUND BALANCE June 30, 2022	\$ 25,533,858	\$ 5,295,455	\$ -	\$ 39,070,850	\$ 58,196,404	\$ 2,625,893	\$ 76,319,777	\$ 36,677,385	\$ 243,719,622
Adjustments:									
Unreserved fund balances not subject to the Kansas Budget Law:									
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-	[1,500,188]	[36,668,128]	-	[38,168,316]
Contingency Reserve	[19,500,000]	-	-	-	-	-		-	[19,500,000]
Instructional Materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[2,728,915]	[2,728,915]
Gate Receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[510,790]	[510,790]
Student Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[412,792]	[412,792]
Student Organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1,730,970]	[1,730,970]
Special Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[972,324]	[972,324]
Special Healthcare Reserve	-	-	-	-	-		-	[17,194,468]	[17,194,468]
Current year encumbrances	[140,208]	[437,150]	-	[14,314,902]	-	[1,099,705]	[37,500,848]		[54,202,498]
Reserve for prepaids	-	-	-	[271,330]	-	[26,000]	[2,150,801]		[2,479,586]
Reserve for material and supplies inventory	[87,319]					<u> </u>		[157,448]	[244,767]
Total deductions	[19,727,527]	[437,150]		[14,586,232]		[2,625,893]	[76,319,777]	[24,448,847]	[138,145,426]
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE									
June 30, 2022	\$ 5,806,331	\$ 4,858,305	\$ -	\$ 24,484,618	\$ 58,196,404	\$-	\$-	\$ 12,228,538	\$ 105,574,196

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

B. Property Taxes

Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1st in the year of assessment.

The taxes are due upon receipt of the billing, although taxpayers may elect to pay installments on December 20 and May 10. Taxes are distributed to the District as collected by the County Treasurer five times per year. State statues proscribe the County Treasurer from distributing second half taxes collected prior to July 1 of the ensuing year, unless the County Commission enters into a special agreement with the District to distribute taxes early.

Note 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Investments

The District's cash is considered to be active funds by management and is invested according to District policy and K.S.A. 9-1401. The statute requires that banks eligible to hold active funds have a main or branch bank in the County in which the District is located or an adjacent county and that the bank provide an acceptable rate for active funds.

The District's investments are considered to be idle funds by management and are invested according to District policy and K.S.A. 12-1675. The statute requires that the District invest its idle funds in only temporary notes of the District, bank certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and if eligible banks do not offer an acceptable rate for the funds: U.S. Treasury Bills or Notes and the Municipal Investment Pool (KMIP). Maturities of the above investments may not exceed two years by statute.

Some of the District's investments are of bond proceeds invested pursuant to K.S.A. 10-131. This statute allows additional investment authority beyond that of K.S.A. 12-1675. Investments of bond proceeds may follow K.S.A. 12-1675 or include other investments such as the obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association, federal home loan banks or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, repurchase agreements collateralized by direct obligations of the United States government or any agency thereof, investment agreements with a financial institution, which at the time of investment are rated in either of the three highest rating categories by Moody's Investors Service or Standard and Poor's Corporation, investments in shares or units of a money market fund or trust, the portfolio of which is comprised entirely of securities in direct obligations of the United States government or any agency thereof or obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Corporation, receipts evidencing ownership interests in securities or portions thereof in direct obligations of the United States government or any agency thereof in direct obligations of the United States government or portions thereof in direct obligations of the United States government or portions thereof in direct obligations of the United States government or any agency thereof of obligations of the United States government or any agency thereof in direct obligations of the United States government or any agency thereof of obligations of the United States government or any agency thereof of obligations of the States government or any agency thereof of obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association, federal home loan banks or the Federal National Mortgage Association, federal home loan banks or the Federal National Mortgage Association federal home loan banks or the Federal National Mortgage Association, federal home loan banks or the Federal National Mortgage Association, federal home loan banks or the Federal National Mortgage Association feder

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Investments (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Level 1	Rating	Weighted Average <u>Maturity</u>
Investments by fair value level			-	-
U.S. Treasury Bills	<u>\$ 92,241,754</u>	<u>\$ 92,241,754</u>	S&P AA+	Maturing 7/14/2022 - 3/23/2023
Total investments by fair value level	92,241,754	\$ 92,241,754		
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) Money Market:				
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund	14,853,207		S&P AAAm	13 Days
Fidelity Government Money Market Fund	159,265		S&P AAAm	22 Days
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool	156,594,370		N/A	1 Day
Total investments measured at NAV	171,606,842			
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 263,848,596			

The above investments are measured at the net asset value, have an ongoing redemption frequency and liquidity fees or redemption gates are not imposed on any of the investments. The money market investments are composed of U.S. Government securities that are fully collateralized.

At June 30, 2022, the District's cash and investments composed of the following:

Bank balance of checking accounts	\$ 6,473,296
Investments	263,848,596
Adjustments for outstanding checks and deposits in transit	 [10,284,442]
Total cash and investments	\$ 260,037,450

The District's investment policy provides direction on concentration risk. The District policy states that adequate diversification of investments shall be met by security type and institution wherever possible in order to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from the over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer or class of securities. In establishing specific diversification strategies the following guidelines will apply; portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide stability of income and reasonable liquidity. Liquidity practices shall be used at all times to ensure that the next disbursement date and payroll date are covered through maturing investments, marketable United States treasuries or cash on hand.

The District's formal investment policy does not provide limits on interest rate risks.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. All District deposits shall be held in third party safekeeping. The District shall maintain a listing of the specific instruments, rates, maturities and other pertinent information. In terms of collateralization, the following must apply:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

A. Investments (Continued)

 Securities pledged to secure the deposits of the District must be deposited with a bank, trust company, or national bank authorized to do business in Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka or the State Treasurer. Such securities must be deposited under a joint custody receipt and must equal at least 105% of the market value of the secured deposits.

No securities pledged may be left for safekeeping in any bank, trust company or national bank which is owned directly or indirectly by any parent corporation of the depository bank, or with any bank, trust company or national bank having common controlling shareholders, having a common majority of the board of directors or having common directors with the ability to control or influence directly or indirectly the acts or policies of the bank, state or federally chartered savings and loan association, or federally chartered savings bank securing public deposits.

- 2. Certificates of deposit shall be collateralized as required by Kansas statutes for any amount exceeding FDIC coverage.
- Collateral underlying repurchase agreements is limited to United States government and agency obligations which are eligible for wire transfer to the District's safekeeping agent through the Federal Reserve System.
- 4. Collateral is valued at current market plus interest accrued through the date of valuation. Repurchase agreement collateral must be maintained at the following level, with respect to repurchase agreement par value plus accrued interest: United States treasury securities, with maturities of one year or less at 101% and United States treasury securities with maturities of one to five years at 102%.

At year end, the Blue Valley Recreation Commission's investment balances, at fair value, were as follows:

	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Rating
Investments by fair value level				
Federal Home Loan discount notes	\$ 3,488,810	\$-	\$ 3,488,810	S&P AA+
U.S. Treasury Bills	3,932,230	3,932,230		S&P AA+
Total investments measured at fair value level	\$ 7,421,040	\$ 3,932,230	\$ 3,488,810	

\$2,968,168 of the U.S. Treasury Bills mature in less than 1 year with the remaining \$964,062 maturing in 1 to 5 years. \$2,991,455 of the Federal Home Loan discount notes mature in less than 1 year with the remaining \$497,355 maturing in 1 to 5 years.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

			Special			Other	
	<u>General</u>	E	ducation	<u>KPERS</u>	G	<u>overnmental</u>	<u>Total</u>
District governmental activities:							
Receivables:							
Accounts	\$ 5,897,748	\$	378,103	\$ 5,974,925	\$	3,216,697	\$ 15,467,473
Interest	 -		165,784			-	165,784
Total	\$ 5,897,748	\$	543,887	\$5,974,925	\$	3,216,697	<u>\$ 15,633,257</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Ba	lance					Balance		
	<u>July</u>	1 <u>, 2021</u>	<u>Addi</u>	Additions Retirements			<u>June 30, 2022</u>		
District governmental activities:									
Nondepreciable assets:									
Land	\$ 33	3,359,624	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,359,624	
Construction in progress	61	,837,541	72,0	80,263		[9,744,316]		124,173,488	
Depreciable assets:									
Buildings and improvements	743	3,984,962	7,3	55,735		-		751,340,697	
Site improvements	80),623,695	1,8	93,923		-		82,517,618	
Infrastructure	18	3,452,496		11,940		-		18,464,436	
Furniture	2	2,928,889		-		-		2,928,889	
Technology	27	7,130,193	3,0	23,825		[82,194]		30,071,824	
Vehicles	2	1,813,647		72,478		[170,818]		4,715,307	
Food service equipment	5	5,869,645		80,109		[5,425]		5,944,329	
Equipment	28	3,592,765	9	34,255		[242,315]		29,284,705	
Totals at historical cost	1,007	7,593,457	85,4	52,528	[10,245,068]	1	,082,800,917	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements	256	6,987,671	17,0	69,510		-		274,057,181	
Site improvements	45	5,888,958	3,2	38,144		-		49,127,102	
Infrastructure	8	3,641,371	7	58,177		-		9,399,548	
Furniture	2	2,665,403		66,891		-		2,732,294	
Technology	20),596,440	2,7	33,952		[70,811]		23,259,581	
Vehicles	2	2,396,098	2	73,994		[166,785]		2,503,307	
Food service equipment	Ę	5,646,100	1	43,456		[5,425]		5,784,131	
Equipment	25	5,738,509	1,2	75,151		[237,301]		26,776,359	
Total accumulated depreciation	368	3,560,550	25,5	59,275		[480,322]		393,639,503	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 639</u>	9,032,907	<u>\$ 59,8</u>	93,253	\$	[9,764,746]	\$	689,161,414	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Component unit reversmentel estivition	<u>.</u>	Balance July 1, 2021		Additions		Retirements	<u>Jı</u>	Balance ine 30, 2022
Component unit governmental activities: Nondepreciable assets:								
Construction in progress	\$	1,018,192	\$	643,568	\$	[116,445]	\$	1,545,315
Depreciable assets:								
Buildings and improvements		54,890,409		137,377		-		55,027,786
Equipment		3,660,033		151,779		[1,603,480]		2,208,332
Totals at historical cost		59,568,634		932,724		[1,719,925]		58,781,433
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		13,994,286		1,149,043		-		15,143,329
Equipment		2,978,663		240,240		[1,603,480]		1,615,423
Total accumulated depreciation		16,972,949		1,389,283		[1,603,480]		16,758,752
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	42,595,685	\$	[456,559]	\$	[116,445]	\$	42,022,681

The District's depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction Student support	\$ 19,545,040 580,528
Instructional support	75,718
General administration	519,336
School administration	54,346
Operations and maintenance	2,121,886
Central services	2,429,462
Other support services	232,959
Total depreciation	<u>\$ 25,559,275</u>

The Recreation Commission component unit's depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Culture and recreation	<u>\$</u>	1,389,283
Total depreciation	\$	1,389,283

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Long - Term Liabilities

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

District Governmental Activities	 Balance 6/30/2021		Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2022	Amounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Premium on General Obligation Bonds Net pension liability Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability - KPERS Compensated Absences	\$ 363,885,000 28,433,115 242,077,462 3,025,862 3,457,755 2,305,316	\$	61,835,000 3,101,810 50,358,167 2,386,285 704,718 560,265	\$ [49,490,000] [2,359,753] [113,995,288] [2,008,536] [585,506] [536,050]	\$ 376,230,000 29,175,172 178,440,341 3,403,611 3,576,967 2,329,531	\$ 35,015,000 2,646,942 - - 536,050
Total governmental activities Long-term liabilities	\$ 643,184,510	\$	118,946,245	\$ [168,975,133]	\$ 593,155,622	\$ 38,197,992
Component Unit Governmental Activities						
Certificates of Participation Total governmental activities Long-term liabilities	\$ 21,921,544	\$ \$		\$ [2,004,846]	19,916,698	\$ 2,069,846

Long-term obligations of the District consists of the following:

	General					
	Obligation	Date	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding
	Bonds	Issued	Date	Rate	Amount	6/30/2022
	2012A	04/19/12	10/01/31	2.0% to 5.0%	\$ 47,000,000	\$ 29,825,000
	2014A	01/15/14	10/01/33	3.0% to 5.0%	61,000,000	42,800,000
	2014B	07/02/14	10/01/25	3.0% to 5.0%	28,835,000	14,245,000
	2015A	10/01/15	10/01/35	3.0% to 5.0%	92,200,000	54,020,000
	2015B	10/01/15	10/01/27	2.0% to 5.0%	66,610,000	29,545,000
	2017A	12/06/17	10/01/37	2.5% to 5.0%	91,285,031	37,215,000
	2020A	05/07/20	10/01/40	2.5% to 3.0%	125,000,000	96,035,000
	2020B	05/07/20	10/01/30	3.00%	12,485,000	10,710,000
	2022A	04/28/22	10/01/41	3.125% to 5.0%	61,835,000	61,835,000
То	otal general oblig	gation bonds	s payable		\$ 586,250,031	\$ 376,230,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Long - Term Liabilities (Continued)

Long-term obligations of the Recreation Commission consists of the following:

	Date	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding
	Issued	Date	Rate	Amount	6/30/2022
Certificates of Participation					
2014A	12/18/14	10/01/25	2.0% to 5.0%	\$ 8,819,719	\$ 3,546,261
2014B	12/18/14	10/01/25	2.0% to 5.0%	4,606,041	1,837,197
2015	06/16/15	10/01/35	3.0% to 4.0%	18,614,628	14,533,240

Total certificates of participation payable

\$ 32,040,388 \$ 19,916,698

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the District general obligation bonds, including interest, are as follows:

Year Ended			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 35,015,000	\$ 12,244,205	\$ 47,259,205
2024	28,870,000	11,070,575	39,940,575
2025	30,030,000	9,921,775	39,951,775
2026	30,735,000	8,719,850	39,454,850
2027	26,595,000	7,628,875	34,223,875
2028 - 2032	102,970,000	26,869,969	129,839,969
2033 - 2037	79,110,000	11,650,106	90,760,106
2038 - 2042	42,905,000	2,684,806	45,589,806
Total	\$376,230,000	\$ 90,790,161	\$ 467,020,161

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Commission's certificates of participation, including interest, are as follows:

Year Ended			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 2,069,846	\$ 713,125	\$ 2,782,971
2024	2,144,846	620,750	2,765,596
2025	2,249,846	533,175	2,783,021
2026	2,324,846	458,975	2,783,821
2027	940,231	403,025	1,343,256
2028 - 2032	5,241,157	1,449,950	6,691,107
2033 - 2036	 4,945,926	395,700	5,341,626
Total	\$ 19,916,698	\$ 4,574,700	\$ 24,491,398

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

D. Long - Term Liabilities (Continued)

Long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position are reported net of the applicable bond premium and discount. The District is subject to Kansas statutes and may issue general obligation bonds for capital improvements upon the approval of a majority of the voters. Remaining debt service requirements for general obligation bonds will be repaid from the Debt Service Fund. Such general obligation indebtedness may not exceed the amount allowed for the District under K.S.A. 72-6761.

The District's General Obligation Bonds constitute general obligations of the District payable as to both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied without limitation as to rate or amount upon all the taxable tangible property, real and personal, within the territorial limits of the District. The full faith, credit and resources of the District are irrevocably pledged for the prompt payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds as the same become due.

The District issued Series 2022-A General Obligation Bonds on June 7, 2022, in the amount of \$61,835,000. The bonds will be used to purchase and improve sites and to acquire, construct, equip, furnish, repair, remodel and make additions to buildings used for school district purposes, including acquisition of new and upgraded computer and communications technology, and all necessary appurtenances thereto, and to pay fees and expenses incidental thereto. The Series 2022-A Bonds have an interest rate of 3.125% to 5.00% and will mature on October 1, 2041.

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Description of Pension Plan. The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan (Pension Plan), as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans.* The Pension Plan is administered by the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a body corporate and an instrumentality of the State of Kansas. KPERS provides benefit provisions to the following statewide pension groups under one plan, as provided by K.S.A. 74, article 49:

Public employees, which includes:

- State/School employees
- Local employees
- Police and Firemen
- Judges

Substantially all public employees in Kansas are covered by the Pension Plan. Participation by local political subdivisions is optional, but irrevocable once elected.

Those employees participating in the Pension Plan for the School District are included in the State/School employee group.

KPERS issues a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report, which is available on the KPERS website at <u>www.kpers.org</u>.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits. Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the State Legislature. Members with ten or more years of credited service, may retire as early as age 55, with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with ten years of credited service, or whenever a member's combined age and years of service equal 85.

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, members may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Members who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership

Members choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement a member may receive a lump-sum payment of up to 50% of the actuarial present value of the member's lifetime benefit. His or her monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas.

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current members and employers. A new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires starting January 1, 2015, was created. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with five years of service or 60 with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with 10 years of service, with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund and established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

Contributions. Member contributions are established by state law, and are paid by the employee according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. State law provides that the employer contribution rates are determined based on the results of an annual actuarial valuation. The contributions and assets of all groups are deposited in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement Fund established by K.S.A. 74-4921. All of the retirement systems are funded on an actuarial reserve basis.

For fiscal years beginning in 1995, Kansas legislation established statutory limits on increases in contribution rates for KPERS employers. Annual increases in the employer contribution rates related to subsequent benefit enhancements are not subject to these limitations. The statutory cap increase over the prior year contribution rate is 1.2% of total payroll.

The actuarially determined employer contribution rate for school employees are 15.15%. The statutory contribution rate for school employees was 14.23%. Member contribution rates as a percentage of eligible compensation are 6.00% for State/School employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Employer Allocations. Although KPERS administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each of the following groups of the plan:

- State/School
- Local
- Police and Firemen
- Judges

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, KPERS maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer. The allocation percentages for the District's share of the collective pension amounts as of June 30, 2021, was based on the ratio of its contributions to the total of the employer and nonemployer contributions of the group for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021. The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits and irregular payments. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 3.17%, which was a decrease of .07% from its proportion measured at June 30, 2011.

Net Pension Liability. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the School District reported a liability of \$178,440,341 and \$242,077,462, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions:

<u>Assumption</u>	<u>Rate</u>
Price inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage increases	3.50 to 12.00%, including inflation
Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense, and including price inflation	7.25%

Mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different membership groups. Future mortality improvements are anticipated using Scale MP-2016. Different adjustments apply to pre-retirement versus post-retirement versus post-retirement versus post-retirement versus post-disability mortality tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the period of January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2018. The experience study is dated January 7, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return of pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates

<u>Asset</u>	Long-Term Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equities	23.50%	5.20%
Non-U.S. Equities	23.50%	6.40%
Private Equity	8.00%	9.50%
Private Real Estate	11.00%	4.45%
Yield Drive	8.00%	4.70%
Real Return	11.00%	3.25%
Fixed Income	11.00%	1.55%
Short-term investments	<u>4.00%</u>	0.25%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability at the prior measurement date of June 30, 2020 was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was based on member and employer contributions. In KPERS, the State/School and Local groups do not necessarily contribute the full actuarial determined rate. Based on legislation first passed in 1993 and subsequent legislation, the employer contribution rates certified by the Board may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The statutory cap for Fiscal Year 2021 was 1.2 percent. In recent years, the Legislature has made several changes to statutory rates that deviate from the scheduled contribution increases set under the caps established in 2012 for the State/School group. Under 2015 SB 4, the previously certified State/School statutory rate for Fiscal Year 2015 of 11.27 percent was reduced to 8.65 percent for the last half of the fiscal year as part of the Governor's allotment. That same session, SB 228 recertified statutory rates for the State/School group to 10.91 percent for Fiscal Year 2016 and 10.81 percent for Fiscal Year 2017 in anticipation of the issuance of \$1 billion in pension obligation bonds. Legislation in the 2016 session (SB 161) provided for the delay of up to \$100 million in State and School contributions to the Pension Plan. Legislation passed by the 2017 Legislature removed the repayment provisions included in SB 161.

In addition, 2017 Senate Sub for Sub HB 2052 delayed \$64.1 million in Fiscal Year 2017 State/School contributions, to be repaid over 20 years in level dollar installments. The first payment of \$6.4 million was paid in full at the beginning of Fiscal Year 2019, and appropriations for Fiscal Year 2019 were made at the statutory contribution rate of 12.01 percent for the State/School group. Additional legislation in the 2017 Session (Senate Sub for HB 2002) provided for a reduction of \$194 million from the previously certified contribution rate of 13.21 percent in the State/School contributions for Fiscal Year 2019. Like the Fiscal Year 2017 reduction, it is to be paid back over a 20-year period, beginning in Fiscal Year 2020. Therefore, both reductions will be accounted for as long-term receivables by the Pension Plan. The 2019 Legislature passed House Sub for Sen Bill 109, which directed on-behalf payments of \$56 million and \$82 million be made to the System. The \$56 million payment was received by the System on June 30, 2018, and recorded as Fiscal Year 2018 contributions. The \$82 mission was received July 1, 2019, and was recorded

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

as Fiscal Year 2019 contributions. The 2019 Legislative session passed Senate Bill 9 which authorized a transfer of \$115 million to KPERS, received in March 2020. House Sub for Senate Bill 25 from the 2019 Legislative session authorized additional funding for the KPERS School group in Fiscal Year 2020 of \$51 million.

The 2021 Legislature passed House Bill 2405, which authorizes the state of Kansas to issue bonds with net proceeds of \$500 million to fund a portion of the School Group's unfunded actuarial liability, assuming certain criteria are met. As a result, the State/School contribution rate was recertified for Fiscal Years 2022 and 2023, lowering them respectively to 13.86 and 13.11 percent. The bond proceeds were received on August 26, 2021, and were reflected in the projected cash flows.

Based on employer contribution history as described above, it is a reasonable estimate that the State/School group's contribution rate may not be certified at the statutory rate. It has been assumed that contribution rates will be made within the same range as have been seen in the past few years, between 11 to 12 percent. Using this assumption, actuarial modeling indicates that employer contribution rates for the State/School group are sufficient to avoid a depletion date.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount rate (7.25%)	<u>1% Increase (8.25%)</u>
\$262,185,665	\$178,440,341	\$108,027,257

Pension Expense. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized pension expense of \$15,150,991, which includes the changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Def	erred outflows	De	ferred inflows
	<u>0</u>	<u>f resources</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>f resources</u>
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	2,649,816	\$	832,330
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments		-		44,017,371
Changes of assumptions		25,685,976		-
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date		20,054,483		-
Changes in proportion		2,767,851		5,187,298
Total	\$	51,158,126	\$	50,036,999

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

\$20,054,483 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Deferred
Year ended	[ln	flows] Outflows
<u>June 30,</u>		<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$	[1,476,780]
2024		[1,940,007]
2025		[4,415,592]
2026		[11,726,739]
2027		625,762
Total	\$	[18,933,356]

B. Interfund Transfers and Due To/From Other Funds

K.S.A. 72-6478 allows the transfer of monies between funds. Interfund transfers occurred during the year and were made between the funds identified in the following table to provide sufficient resources to pay the expenditures in the funds receiving the transfer. The due to and due from between funds were recorded to eliminate negative cash in any individual funds.

			Due From	Due To
			Other	Other
	Transfers In	Transfers Out	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Major:				
General	\$ 8,320,274	\$ 11,817,314	\$ 3,467,275	\$-
Nonmajor:				
Special Revenue	3,497,040			3,467,275
Total	\$11,817,314	\$ 11,817,314	\$ 3,467,275	\$ 3,467,275

C. Contingent Liabilities

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants and state pass-through aid. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District at June 30, 2022.

The District's general obligation bond issues are subject to the arbitrage provisions of Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code. These provisions include the potential for rebates to the Federal Government of the earnings on the bond proceeds in excess of the yield on the bonds. The amounts of any future rebates due on other bonds have not been determined.

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There has been no significant change in insurance coverage from the previous fiscal year. During the past three fiscal years, settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

C. Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

The District is also a party in a number of lawsuits as a result of the ordinary course of school activities. District management and legal counsel anticipate that the potential claims against the District not covered by insurance, if any, resulting from such matters would not materially affect the financial position of the District.

The District provides health insurance through a cost plus arrangement with Blue Cross Blue Shield of Kansas City. Under the contract, the District pays the lower amount between actual monthly claims plus any carryforward deficit or a monthly premium plus any carryforward surplus. A carryforward surplus represents an unused maximum claims liability, while a carryforward deficit represents a funding shortage. The amount of carryforward surplus at June 30, 2022, was \$258,656.

D. Capital Project Funds Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

The District prepares annual operating budgets for the majority of the governmental funds; however, for the capital projects funds, project-length budgets are prepared. The projects budgeted, approved budgets, and cumulative expenditures, as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Cumulative
		expenditures
	Project	through
Project Name	<u>Budget</u>	<u>June 30, 2022</u>
Construction Projects 2012 Construction Projects 2020	\$ 293,448,325 \$ 192,063,000	\$ 289,827,572 \$ 119,655,514

E. Postemployment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description. The District operates a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. The Employee Benefit Plan (the Plan) provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible early retirees and their spouses. K.S.A. 12-5040 requires all local governmental entities in the state that provide a group health care plan to make participation available to all retirees and dependents until the retiree reaches the age of 65 years. No separate financial report is issued for the Plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	3,160
Retirees and covered spouses	55
Total	3,215

Total OPEB Liability. The District's total OPEB liability of \$3,403,611 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. Postemployment Healthcare Plan (Continued)

Valuation date	January 1, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal as a level percentage of payroll
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.20%
Discount rate	3.90%
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.0% for 2022, decreasing 0.25% per year until 2031
Retiree's share of benefit	
related costs	100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on the average of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade and Fidelity GO AA-20 Year published yields..

Mortality rates were based on the SOA Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-weighted General Mortality Tables using Scale Mp-2021 Full Generational Improvement.

The changes in the total OPEB liability are as follows:

	Т	otal OPEB Liability
Balance 7/01/2021	\$	3,025,862
Service cost		246,963
Interest		61,837
Change in benefit terms		[261,236]
Assumption changes		[419,498]
Benefit payments		[115,000]
Difference between expected and actual experience	_	864,683
Balance 6/30/2021	\$	3,403,611

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The discount rate increased from 2.00% to 3.90% since the last valuation date.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presented the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.9%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.9%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	<u>(2.9%)</u>	<u>(3.9%)</u>	<u>(4.9%)</u>	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,711,159	\$ 3,403,611	\$ 3,118,669	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Healthcare Cost1% DecreaseTrend Rates1% IncreaseTotal OPEB Liability\$ 2,989,683\$ 3,403,611\$ 3,899,348

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

E. Postemployment Healthcare Plan (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB income of \$1,847,472. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB of \$1,507,486 for differences between expected and actual experience and \$4,131,546 for changes in assumptions. The District also reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$230,317 for changes in assumptions and \$741,157 for differences between expected and actual experience.

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year ended	[Inflows]
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ [1,895,036]
2024	[1,895,036]
2025	[894,084]
2026	[6,448]
2027	[6,452]
Thereafter	 29,498
Total	\$ [4,667,558]

F. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (KPERS)

Plan Description. The District participates in a multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan) which is administered by the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS). The Plan provides long-term disability benefits and a life insurance benefit for disabled members to KPERS members, as provided by K.S.A. 74-04927. The Plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. However because the trust's assets are used to pay employee benefits other than OPEB, the trust does not meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Accordingly, the Plan is considered to be administered on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Benefits. Benefits are established by statute and may be amended by the KPERS Board of Trustees. The Plan provides long-term disability benefits equal to 60 percent (prior to January 1, 2006, 66 2/3 percent) of annual compensation, offset by other benefits. Members receiving long-term disability benefits also receive credit towards their KPERS retirement benefits and have their group life insurance coverage continued under the waiver of premium provision.

The monthly long-term disability benefit is 60 percent of the member's monthly compensation, with a minimum of \$100 and a maximum of \$5,000. The monthly benefit is subject to reduction by deductible sources of income, which include Social Security primary disability or retirement benefits, workers compensation benefits, other disability benefits from any other sources by reason of employment, and earnings from any form of employment. If the disability begins before age 60, benefits are payable while the disability continues until the member's 65th birthday or retirement date, whichever occurs first. If the disability begins after age 60, benefits are payable while the disability continues, for a period of five years or until the member retires, whichever occurs first. Benefit payments for disabilities caused or contributed to by substance abuse or non-biologically based mental illnesses are limited to the shorter of the term of the disability or 24 months per lifetime.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

F. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (KPERS) (Continued)

The death benefit paid to beneficiaries of disabled members is 150% of the greater of 1) the member's annual rate of compensation at the time of disability, or 2) the member's previous 12 months of compensation at the time of the last date on payroll. If the member has been disabled for five or more years, the annual compensation or salary rate at the time of death will be indexed using the consumer price index, less one percentage point, to compute the death benefit. If a member is diagnosed as terminally ill with a life expectancy of 12 months or less, the member may be eligible to receive up to 100% of the death benefit rather than having the benefit paid to the beneficiary. If a member retires or disability benefits end, the member may convert the group life insurance coverage to an individual insurance policy.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active members	3,191
Disabled members	21
Total	3,212

Total OPEB Liability. The District's total OPEB liability of \$3,576,967 reported as of June 30, 2022, was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	December 31, 2020
Measurement date date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.50%
Payroll growth	3.00%
Discount rate	2.16%

The discount rate was based on the bond buyer general obligation 20-bond municipal index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality tables, as appropriate, with adjustment for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on an actuarial experience for the three-year period beginning January 1, 2016. Other demographic assumptions are set to be consistent with the actuarial assumptions reflected in the December 31, 2021 KPERS pension valuation.

Total OPEB

The changes in the total OPEB liability are as follows:

-	
	<u>Liability</u>
\$	3,457,755
	388,459
	81,927
	[279,702]
	[78,140]
	6,668
\$	3,576,967
	\$

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

F. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (KPERS) (Continued)

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The discount rate decreased from 2.21% to 2.16% since the last valuation date.

Sensitivity of the total KPERS OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presented the total KPERS OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total KPERS OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

	1	1% Decrease	[Discount Rate	1% Increase
		<u>(1.16%)</u>		<u>(2.16%)</u>	<u>(3.16%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$	3,704,246	\$	3,576,967	\$ 3,441,116

Sensitivity of the total KPERS OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presented the total KPERS OPEB liability of the District calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the District's total KPERS OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates. The reader should note that healthcare trend rates do not affect the liabilities related to the long-term disability benefits sponsored by KPERS, but this exhibit is provided as it is a required disclosure under GASB 75.

	Healthcare Cost					
		<u>1% Decrease</u>		Trend Rates		<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$	3,576,967	\$	3,576,967	\$	3,576,967

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$433,850. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB of \$302,600 for differences between expected and actual experience and \$78,044 for changes in assumptions. The District also reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$176,188 for changes of assumptions. \$279,702 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB – KPERS are the result of District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year ended	[Inflows]
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ [36,536]
2024	[36,536]
2025	[36,536]
2026	[36,536]
2027	[32,836]
Thereafter	 [25,476]
Total	\$ [204,456]

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

G. Tax Abatements

Tax Increment Financing

Tax revenues for the District are impacted by property tax abatements authorized by outside governmental entities. Specifically, the City of Overland Park has authorized the property tax abatements listed below that effect the District's tax revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Property tax abatements reduce ad valorem property taxes by reducing the assessed value of the property.

Outside Governmental Entity	Property Description	Type & % Abatement in FY2022	Tax Revenue Reduction for the Fiscal Year
City of Overland Park	Teva Pharmaceuticals, 11100 Nall Ave	Real Property Taxes, 50%	\$178,075
City of Overland Park	5700 W 112 th St	Real Property Taxes, 70%	\$110,591
City of Overland Park	Black & Veatch, 5885 W 112 th St	Real Property Taxes, 39%	\$2,998
City of Overland Park	Creative Planning, 5454 W 110 th St	Real Property Taxes, 75%	\$39,742
City of Overland Park	Black & Veatch, 11401 Lamar Ave	Real Property Taxes, 25%	\$1,636,784
City of Overland Park	Tower Properties Company, 6601 College Blvd	Real Property Taxes, 83%	\$36,161
City of Overland Park	Black & Veatch, 6800 W 115 th St	Real Property Taxes, 85%	\$131,745
City of Overland Park	11101 Switzer Rd	Real Property Taxes, 75%	\$30,796
City of Overland Park	11300 Switzer Rd	Real Property Taxes, 50%	\$74,461
		Total	\$2,241,353

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) June 30, 2022

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Total OPEB liability	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Service cost Interest Benefit paid Changes in benefit terms	\$ 1,347,578 537,870 [519,655]	\$ 1,388,005 585,771 [696,471]	\$ 294,555 95,110 [140,585]	\$ 303,391 102,446 [164,194]
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	-	-	[3,189,168] [10,918,584]	-
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,365,793 14,603,015	1,277,305 15,968,808	[13,858,672] 17,246,113	241,643 3,387,441
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>\$ 15,968,808</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 3,387,441</u>	\$ 3,629,084
Covered payroll	<u>\$127,139,073</u>	<u>\$ 127,139,073</u>	<u>\$ 122,726,074</u>	<u>\$ 126,407,856</u>
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	12.56%	13.56%	2.76%	2.87%
Total OPEB liability	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	
Service cost Interest Benefit paid Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending Covered payroll	\$ 303,391 117,845 [262,094] - [656,037] <u>368,509</u> [128,386] <u>3,629,084</u> <u>\$ 3,500,698</u> <u>\$ 136,660,507</u>	\$ 312,883 93,526 [120,000] [57,244] [704,001] [474,836] <u>3,500,698</u> \$ 3,025,862 \$ 136,660,507	<pre>\$ 246,963 61,837 [115,000] [261,236] 864,683 [419,498] 377,749 <u>3,025,862</u> \$ 3,403,611 \$ 153,216,472</pre>	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	2.56%	2.21%	2.22%	

*GASB 75 requires presentation of ten years. As of June 30, 2022, only seven years of information is available.

There are no assets accumulated in the trust to pay related benefits.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period:

- The discount rate decreased from 3.75% on June 30, 2017 to 3.10% on June 30, 2018.
- The discount rate decreased from 3.10% on June 30, 2019 to 2.60% on June 30, 2020.
- The discount rate decreased from 2.60% on June 30, 2020 to 2.00% on June 30, 2021.
- The discount rate increased from 2.00% on June 30, 2021 to 3.90% on June 30, 2022.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (KPERS) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) June 30, 2022

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Total OPEB liability	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Service cost \$ Interest Benefit paid Changes of economic gains/losses Changes in assumptions Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	314,313 \$ 100,430 [305,465] - [111,870] [2,592] 3,361,193	299,315 123,361 [427,894] - [193,241] [198,459] 3,358,601	\$ 301,339 127,294 [347,763] [143,779] <u>50,191</u> [12,718] 3,160,142	\$ 332,448 117,371 [255,061] [54,231] <u>169,804</u> 310,331 3,147,424	\$ 388,459 81,927 [279,702] [78,140] <u>6,668</u> 119,212 3,457,755
Total OPEB liability - ending	3,358,601 \$	3,160,142	\$ 3,147,424	\$ 3,457,755	\$ 3,576,967
Covered-employee payroll \$	<u>134,352,936</u> <u>\$</u> 2.50%	<u>139,266,722</u> 2.27%	<u>\$ 147,395,000</u> 2.14%	<u>\$ 154,158,665</u> 2.24%	<u>\$ 153,031,698</u> 2.34%

*GASB 75 requires presentation of ten years. As of June 30, 2022, only five years of information is available.

There are no assets accumulated in the trust to pay related benefits.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period:

- The discount rate increased from 3.58% on June 30, 2018 to 3.87% on June 30, 2019.
- The discount rate decreased from 3.87% on June 30, 2019 to 3.50% on June 30, 2020.
- The discount rate decreased from 3.50% on June 30, 2020 to 2.21% on June 30, 2021.
- The discount rate decreased from 2.21% on June 30, 2021 to 2.16% on June 30, 2022.

KPERS PENSION PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) June 30, 2022

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	06/30/22	06/30/21	06/30/20	06/30/19	06/30/18	06/30/17	06/30/16	06/30/15
District's proportion of the net pension liability	3.167%	3.240%	3.272%	3.209%	3.139%	3.175%	3.074%	3.345%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 178,440,341	\$ 242,077,462	\$ 211,653,156	\$ 209,403,231	\$ 210,884,423	\$ 213,374,529	\$ 212,823,063	\$ 213,745,582
District's covered payroll	\$ 153,031,698	\$ 157,034,217	\$ 155,152,511	\$ 140,825,876	\$ 136,376,600	\$ 134,026,134	\$ 135,921,572	\$ 134,039,068
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	116.60%	154.16%	136.42%	148.70%	154.63%	159.20%	156.58%	159.47%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.40%	66.30%	68.50%	68.88%	67.12%	65.10%	64.95%	66.60%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 12/31. Data became available with the inception of GASB 68 during fiscal year 2015, therefore 10 years of data is unavailable.

Schedule of the District's Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Contractually required contribution	<u>06/30/22</u> \$ 20,054,483	\$ <u>06/30/21</u> 22,176,605	06/30/20 \$22,909,541	06/30/19 \$ 10,492,138	06/30/18 \$ 18,228,783
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	20,054,483	22,176,605	22,909,541	10,492,138	18,228,783
Contribution deficiency [excess]	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 162,704,924	\$ 158,821,553	\$ 157,034,217	\$ 145,755,485	\$ 140,771,775
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	12.33%	13.96%	14.59%	7.20%	12.95%
Contractually required contribution	06/30/17 \$ 12,276,064	06/30/16 \$ 10,799,867	06/30/15 \$ 12,977,983		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	12,276,064	10,799,867	12,977,983		
Contribution deficiency [excess]	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		
District's covered payroll	\$ 136,288,913	\$ 133,997,294	\$ 130,615,478		
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	9.01%	8.06%	9.94%		

*Data became available with the inception of GASB 68 during fiscal year 2015, therefore 10 years of data is unavailable.

KPERS PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) June 30, 2022

Changes in benefit terms for KPERS. Effective January 1, 2014, KPERS Tier 1 members' employee contribution rate increased to 5.0% and then on January 1, 2015, increased to 6.0% with an increase in benefit multiplier to 1.85% for future years of service. For Tier 2 members retiring after July 1, 2012, the cost of living adjustment (COLA) is eliminated, but members will receive a 1.85% multiplier for all years of service.

January 1, 2015, the KPERS 3 cash balance plan became effective. Members enrolled in this plan are ones first employed in a KPERS covered position on or after January 1, 2015, or KPERS 1 or KPERS 2 members who left employment before vesting and returned to employment on or after January 1, 2015. The retirement benefit is an annuity based on the account balance at retirement.

Changes in assumptions.

The major items of impact in the actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2014 relative to the prior valuation are as follows:

- Reduce disability rates by 20% for all three KPERS groups.
- Increase the termination of employment rates for State-Males and Local Males and Females.
- Modify the election of a deferred benefit by Local vested members who terminate employment in future years.
- Modify the retirement rates for the C60 group.
- Increase the load for the impact of final average salary provisions for Local, C55 and C60 members hired before July 1, 1993.
- Establish an interest crediting rate of 6.50% for KPERS 3 members.

As a result of the experience study completed in November 2016, there were several changes made to the actuarial assumptions and methods since the prior valuation are as follows:

- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- The investment return assumption was lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 4.00% to 3.50%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 4.00% to 3.00%.
- The post-retirement health mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 Mortality Table, with adjustments to better fit the observed experience for the various KPERS groups. The most recent mortality improvement scale, MP-2016, is used to anticipate future mortality improvements in the valuation process through the next experience study.
- The active member mortality assumption was modified to also be based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments.
- The retirement rates for the select period (when first eligible for unreduced benefits under Rule of 85) were increased, but all other retirement rates were decreased.
- Disability rates were decreased for all three groups.
- The termination of employment assumption was increased for all three groups.
- The interest crediting rate assumption for KPERS 3 members was lowered from 6.50% to 6.25%.

KPERS PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) June 30, 2022

As a result of the experience study completed in January 2020, there were several changes made to the actuarial assumptions and methods since the prior valuation. The changes are as follows:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- Changes from the January 2020 experience study that impacted individual groups are listed below:
- Retirement rates were adjusted to partially reflect observed experience.
- Termination rates were increased for most KPERS groups.
- Disability rates were reduced.
- Factors for the State group that are used to anticipate higher liabilities due to higher final average salary at retirement for pre-1993 hires were modified to better reflect actual experience.
- The administrative expense load for contributions rates was increased from 0.16% to 0.18%.

Assumption changes effective for the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation were as follows:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.25% to 3.50%.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

COMBINING STATEMENTS - GENERAL FUNDS

BUDGETED FUNDS:

General Fund: This fund is used to account for the general operations of the District and all unrestricted revenues and expenditures not provided for in other funds.

Supplemental General Fund: Used to account for revenues and expenditures as authorized by the local option tax budget for the District.

Cost of Living Fund: This fund is used to channel the local tax revenues back to the state to offset the increased operating authority for districts which have residences that are higher than the statewide average value.

Extraordinary Growth Facilities Fund: This fund is used to account for collections of local taxes necessary to cover the additional costs of opening new facilities. These funds are then sent to the state as a reimbursement for the increased operating authority.

NON - BUDGETED FUNDS:

Contingency Reserve Fund: This fund is used to account for monies transferred from the General Fund in accordance with Kansas statues (limited to 6% of General Fund budget) and expended for contingency purposes.

COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR FUNDS

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

BUDGETED FUNDS:

Vocational Education Fund: This fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures incurred for state and federal vocational education programs, administered in accordance with established guidelines and statutes.

At Risk (K-12) Fund: This fund is used to account for the expenditures associated with at-risk students to provide them with additional educational opportunities and instructional services to assist in closing the achievement gap.

Professional Development Fund: This fund is used to account for state aid revenues that are provided for teacher inservice training programs.

Special Assessment Fund: This fund is used to account for tax monies collected and expended to other taxing municipalities to pay the District's portion of special assessment taxes on District owned property. The fund is established and maintained in accordance with applicable state statutes.

Food Service Fund: This fund is established pursuant to state law to account for all monies received and expended attributable to the food service program. This program is administered according to the state plan of child nutrition operations under which federal funds are received pursuant to federal acts relating to child nutrition. The programs are administered and meals are served on a nonprofit basis.

Bilingual Education Fund: This fund is used to account for monies received and expended to operate an English as a Second Language (ESL) program.

Virtual Education Fund: This fund is used to account for monies received and expended for virtual, online courses.

Summer School Fund: This fund is used to account for user fees derived from summer school education programs and the expenditures necessary to carry out these programs.

Parent Education Program Fund: This fund is used to account for state aid revenues which are used to provide educational training and assistance programs to parents in the District regarding pre-school and selected educational problems of students.

Federal Funds: A number of grant funds including; Title I, Title II-A, Title III Grant and the Other Federal Grants Funds, have been established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with Federal grants that have been awarded to the District for specific purposes.

Grant Funds: A number of grant funds including; DAC Grant, Blue Valley Foundation Grant, Community Grants, Kauffman CAPS Networking Grant and the Safe Schools Grant have been established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with State and local grants that have been awarded to the District for specific purposes.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

BUDGETED FUNDS (Continued):

Special Liability Fund: This fund is used to account for property tax revenues used to pay the cost of providing for the school district's defense and the defense of employees pursuant to the Kansas tort claims act for payment of claims and other direct and indirect costs resulting from such act and to pay judgments rendered against the school district.

NON - BUDGETED FUNDS:

Gate Receipts Fund: Unexpended gate receipts from athletic and performing arts events at the schools are recorded in the District Gate Receipts Fund at year end.

Student Projects Fund: Unexpended funds collected for schools are recorded in the District Students Projects Fund at year-end.

Student Organizations Fund: Unexpended funds collected for student organizations at all schools are recorded in the District Student Organizations Fund at year-end.

Instructional Materials Fund: This fund is used to account for monies collected for student instructional materials, supplies and to purchase and maintain textbooks.

Special Workers Comp Reserve Fund: This fund is used to account for monies transferred from the General Fund in accordance with Kansas statutes and expended to cover the cost of insurable losses not otherwise insured.

Special Healthcare Reserve Fund: This fund is used to account for monies transferred from the General Fund and premiums collected from District employees in accordance with Kansas statutes and expended to cover the cost of healthcare for the District employees.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -GENERAL FUND June 30, 2022

	<u>General</u>	Supplemental <u>General</u>	Contingency <u>Reserve</u>	Cost of Living	Extraordinary <u>Growth</u>	Total General <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 12,704,530	\$ 4,207,059	\$ 19,500,000	\$ 567,261	\$ 1,032,011	\$ 38,010,861
Other Due from other funds Material and supplies inventory	5,897,748 3,467,275 87,319	- - 	- - 	- - 	- - 	5,897,748 3,467,275 87,319
Total assets	<u>\$ 22,156,872</u>	<u>\$ 4,207,059</u>	<u>\$ 19,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 567,261</u>	<u>\$ 1,032,011</u>	<u>\$ 47,463,203</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	S					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	\$ 415,736 21,278,376 235,233	\$ - - -	\$	\$	\$	\$ 415,736 21,278,376 235,233
Total liabilities	21,929,345		<u>-</u>			21,929,345
Fund balance: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	87,319 - 140,208 	- - 4,207,059	- - 19,500,000	- 567,261 - -	- 1,032,011 - -	87,319 1,599,272 140,208 23,707,059
Total fund balances	227,527	4,207,059	19,500,000	567,261	1,032,011	25,533,858
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 22,156,872</u>	\$ 4,207,059	<u>\$ 19,500,000</u>	\$ 567,261	\$ 1,032,011	\$ 47,463,203

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	<u>Genera</u> l	Supplemental <u>General</u>	Contingency <u>Reserve</u>	Cost of Living	Extraordinary <u>Growth</u>	Total General <u>Fund</u>
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 37,855,995	¢	\$ 7,251,336	\$ 2,571,890	\$ 47,679,221
Intergovernmental	μ 111,497,878	φ 37,033,995	φ -	φ 7,201,000	φ 2,371,090	111,497,878
Other local sources	35,600	-	-	-	-	35,600
Total revenues	111,533,478	37,855,995		7,251,336	2,571,890	159,212,699
EXPENDITURES: Current						
Instruction	57,175,460	31,613,315	-	7,241,034	2,055,008	98,084,817
Student support services	5,219,372	1,601,760	-	-	-	6,821,132
Instructional support staff	6,882,060	816,103	-	-	-	7,698,163
General administration	944,220	-	-	-	-	944,220
School administration	9,719,035	3,336,096	-	-	-	13,055,131
Operations and maintenance	11,283,593	100,506	-	-	-	11,384,099
Student transportation services	973,411	-	-	-	-	973,411
Other support services	7,483,372					7,483,372
Total expenditures	99,680,523	37,467,780		7,241,034	2,055,008	146,444,345
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	11,852,955	388,215		10,302	516,882	12,768,354
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES] Transfers in	-	-	8,320,274	-	-	8,320,274
Transfers [out]	[11,817,314]					[11,817,314]
Total other financing sources [uses]	[11,817,314]		8,320,274			[3,497,040]
Net change in fund balances	35,641	388,215	8,320,274	10,302	516,882	9,271,314
Fund balance - Beginning of year	191,886	3,818,844	11,179,726	556,959	515,129	16,262,544
Fund balance - End of year	\$ 227,527	\$ 4,207,059	<u>\$ 19,500,000</u>	\$ 567,261	<u>\$ 1,032,011</u>	\$ 25,533,858

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) June 30, 2022

	Vocational Education			Food <u>Service</u>	DAC <u>Grant</u>	Bilingual Education	
ASSETS Cash and investments Other receivable Prepaids Materials and supplies inventory	\$ 20,165 84,816 - -	\$ 3,025,000 - - -	\$ 505,529 - - -	\$ 670,332 - - -	\$ 5,886,954 - - 157,448	\$ 30,164 - - -	\$ 525,000 - -
Total assets	<u>\$ 104,981</u>	<u>\$ 3,025,000</u>	<u>\$ 505,529</u>	<u>\$ 670,332</u>	\$ 6,044,402	<u>\$ 30,164</u>	<u>\$ 525,000</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 3,412 - 	\$ - - -	\$ 947 	\$ - - -	\$ 5,602 - 587,771	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Total liabilities	3,412		947		593,373		
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	- 99,563 2,006 -	- 3,025,000 - -	- 504,582 - -	- 670,332 - -	157,448 5,293,531 50 -	- 30,164 - -	- 525,000 - -
Total fund balances	101,569	3,025,000	504,582	670,332	5,451,029	30,164	525,000
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 104,981</u>	\$ 3,025,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 6,044,402	<u>\$ 30,164</u>	<u> </u>

	Virtual ducation	Summer <u>School</u>	ļ	Parent Education <u>Program</u>	Gate <u>Receipts</u>		Student <u>Projects</u>		Student <u>Organizations</u>		nstructional <u>Materials</u>	<u>Title I</u>	
\$	72,150 - -	\$ 203,252 - -	\$	50,000 - -	\$	510,790 - -	\$	412,792 - - -	\$	1,730,970 - -	\$ 4,751,478 - 31,455 -	\$ - 101,655 - -	
<u>\$</u>	72,150	\$ 203,252	\$	50,000	\$	510,790	\$	412,792	\$	1,730,970	\$ 4,782,933	<u>\$ 101,655</u>	
\$	- - -	\$ 221 - -	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$ 1,023,263 - 999,300	\$- 101,655 -	
		 221							_		 2,022,563	101,655	
	- 72,150 - -	 - 202,932 99 -		- 50,000 - -		- 510,790 - -		- 412,792 - -		۔ 1,730,970 ۔ ۔	 31,455 1,634,267 1,094,648 -	- - -	
	72,150	 203,031		50,000		510,790		412,792		1,730,970	 2,760,370		
\$	72,150	\$ 203,252	\$	50,000	\$	510,790	\$	412,792	\$	1,730,970	\$ 4,782,933	<u>\$ 101,655</u>	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) June 30, 2022

	Blue Valle Foundatio <u>Grant</u>		Indation Community		Kauffman CAPS Networking <u>Grant</u>		<u>Gift</u>		Special Workers Comp <u>Reserve</u>			Special Healthcare <u>Reserve</u>
ASSETS Cash and investments Other receivable Prepaids Materials and supplies inventory	\$	645,760 - - -	\$	60,373 - - -	\$	80,837 - - -	\$	1,063,831 - - -	\$	972,324 - - -	\$	17,195,116 - - -
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	645,760	\$	60,373	\$	80,837	\$	1,063,831	\$	972,324	\$	17,195,116
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	10,004 - -	\$	-	\$	2,313 - -	\$	2,832 - -	\$	- -	\$	648 - -
Total liabilities		10,004				2,313		2,832				648
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned		- 363,850 271,906 -		- 59,118 1,255 -		- 78,524 - -		- 950,531 110,468 -		- 972,324 - -		- 17,189,177 5,291 -
Total fund balances		635,756		60,373		78,524		1,060,999		972,324		17,194,468
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	645,760	\$	60,373	\$	80,837	\$	1,063,831	\$	972,324	\$	17,195,116

<u>Title II-A</u>		Special <u>Title III Liability</u>		Other Federal <u>Grant</u>	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>			
\$ - 143,707 - -	\$	- 6,316 - -	\$	965,605 - - -	\$ - 2,880,203 - -	\$	39,378,422 3,216,697 31,455 157,448	
\$ 143,707	\$	6,316	\$	965,605	<u>\$ 2,880,203</u>	\$	42,784,022	
\$ 646 143,061 -	\$	- 6,316 -	\$	-	\$ 2,403 3,216,243 -	\$	1,052,291 3,467,275 1,587,071	
 143,707		6,316			3,218,646		6,106,637	
 	_			- 965,605 - - 965,605	- - [338,443] [338,443]		188,903 35,341,202 1,485,723 [338,443] 36,677,385	
\$ 143,707	\$	6,316	\$	965,605	<u> </u>	\$	42,784,022	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Vocational <u>Education</u>	At <u>Risk</u>	Professional <u>Development</u>	Special <u>Assessment</u>	Food <u>Service</u>	DAC <u>Grant</u>	Bilingual <u>Education</u>
REVENUES: Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Other local sources	\$ - 5,277,025 - 171,497	\$ 3,966,432 2,741,446 - -	\$ - 921,452 - -	\$ 529,545 - - -	\$	\$ - - - -	\$ 2,427,233 - - - -
Total revenues	5,448,522	6,707,878	921,452	529,545	13,777,095		2,427,233
EXPENDITURES: Current Instruction Student support services Instructional support staff School administration General administration Student transportation services Operations and maintenance Other support services Food service operations Capital outlay Facility acquisition and construction	5,054,010 - 102,264 195,651 - - - - - - -	3,353,290 51,492 92,871 185,225 - - - - - - - - - - -	413,635 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 3,628 - - - - - - - - - -	1,820,125 - 66,580 - 15,528 - - - -
Total expenditures	5,351,925	3,682,878	416,870	465,926	9,631,974	3,628	1,902,233
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]:	96,597	3,025,000	504,582	63,619	4,145,121	[3,628]	525,000
Transfers in							
Total other financing sources [uses]							<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	96,597	3,025,000	504,582	63,619	4,145,121	[3,628]	525,000
Fund balance - Beginning of year	4,972			606,713	1,305,908	33,792	
Fund balance - End of year	\$ 101,569	\$ 3,025,000	\$ 504,582	\$ 670,332	\$ 5,451,029	<u>\$ 30,164</u>	\$ 525,000

Virtual <u>Education</u>	Summer <u>School</u>	Parent Education <u>Program</u>	Gate <u>Receipts</u>	Student <u>Projects</u>	Student <u>Organizations</u>	Instructional <u>Materials</u>	<u>Title I</u>
\$ 495,710	\$-	\$ 321,056 493,719	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$- 434,963
366,375	126,848	493,719	853,465	-	-	2,355,662	434,903
				877,236	2,889,390		
862,085	126,848	814,775	853,465	877,236	2,889,390	2,355,662	434,963
1,035,079	107,889	-	686,624	915,177	2,542,902	4,771,532	339,902
- 118,250	1,020 21,149	795,427 4,926	-	-	-	-	- 52,488
38,894	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	۔ 22,491	42,573 -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,192,223	130,058	800,353	686,624	915,177	2,542,902	4,794,023	434,963
[330,138]	[3,210]	14,422	166,841	[37,941]	346,488	[2,438,361]	<u> </u>
							<u> </u>
							<u> </u>
[330,138]	[3,210]	14,422	166,841	[37,941]	346,488	[2,438,361]	-
402,288	206,241	35,578	343,949	450,733	1,384,482	5,198,731	
\$ 72,150	<u>\$ 203,031</u>	\$ 50,000	<u>\$ 510,790</u>	\$ 412,792	<u>\$ 1,730,970</u>	<u>\$ 2,760,370</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Blue Val Foundat <u>Grant</u>		Community <u>Grants</u>	Kauffman CAPS Networking <u>Grant</u>	Gift	Special Workers Comp <u>Reserve</u>	Special Healthcare <u>Reserve</u>
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Intergovernmental Charges for services		-	-	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property		-	-	-	-	- 1,794	- 34,561
Other local sources	796	907	44,700	151,500	589,276	-	-
Total revenues	796	907	44,700	151,500	589,276	1,794	34,561
EXPENDITURES:							
Current							
Instruction	376	345	34,181	-	530,414	375,964	2,462,869
Student support services		-	-	-	-	420	-
Instructional support staff		-	-	100,203	-	-	-
School administration General administration		-	-	2,314 97,418	-	1,483	-
Student transportation services		-	-	97,418	-	-	-
Operations and maintenance		-	-	-	-	309,506	-
Other support services		_	-	-	_	4,376	-
Food service operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay							
Facility acquisition and construction		-					
Total expenditures	376	345	34,181	199,935	530,414	691,749	2,462,869
Excess [deficiency] of revenues							
over [under] expenditures	420	562	10,519	[48,435]	58,862	[689,955]	[2,428,308]
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]:							
Transfers in		-			-	497,040	3,000,000
Total other financing sources [uses]		-				497,040	3,000,000
Net change in fund balances	420	562	10,519	[48,435]	58,862	[192,915]	571,692
	045	104	40.054	400.050	4 000 407	4 405 000	40 000 770
Fund balance - Beginning of year, restated	215	194	49,854	126,959	1,002,137	1,165,239	16,622,776
Fund balance - End of year	\$ 635	756	\$ 60,373	\$ 78,524	<u>\$ 1,060,999</u>	\$ 972,324	\$ 17,194,468

	<u>Title II-A</u>	<u>Title III</u>	Special <u>Liability</u>	Other Federal <u>Grant</u>	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>
\$	- 297,158 - -	\$- 94,465 -	\$ 1,261,354 - - 1,701	\$- 7,219,209 - -	\$ 9,001,330 28,545,147 6,413,698 38,093
_	297,158	94,465	1,263,055	7,219,209	<u>5,520,506</u> 49,518,774
	-	94,465	-	3,747,469 2,191,457	28,248,237 3,039,816
	297,158 - - -	- - -	-	175,895 - 1,442,831 -	1,449,047 423,567 1,540,249 58,101
	-	-	- 947,268 -	-	331,997 954,879 9,631,974
_	- 297,158	94,465	947,268	7,557,652	<u>465,926</u> 46,143,793
_			315,787	[338,443]	3,374,981
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	3,497,040
	-		315,787	[338,443]	6,872,021
_		<u> </u>	649,818	<u> </u>	29,805,364
\$	-	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 965,605	<u>\$ [338,443]</u>	\$ 36,677,385

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GAAP	Adjustments to Budgetary	Budgetary	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	<u>Basis</u>	<u>Basis</u>	<u>Basis</u>	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	[Negative]
REVENUES: Taxes:						
In process	\$ 843,334	\$-	\$ 843,334	\$ 835,001	\$ 835,001	\$ 8,333
Current	31,947,877	12,599,729	44,547,606	45,905,515	45,898,846	[1,351,240]
Delinquent	996,383	-	996,383	176,888	176,888	819,495
Motor vehicle	4,038,609	-	4,038,609	4,068,937	4,068,937	[30,328]
Rental excise	29,792		29,792	36,274	36,274	[6,482]
Total revenues	37,855,995	12,599,729	50,455,724	51,022,615	51,015,946	[560,222]
EXPENDITURES:						
Instruction	31,613,315	-	31,613,315	32,531,200	32,531,200	917,885
Student support services	1,601,760	-	1,601,760	1,632,929	1,632,929	31,169
Instructional support staff	816,103	-	816,103	865,394	865,394	49,291
School administration	3,336,096	-	3,336,096	3,303,805	3,303,805	[32,291]
Operations and maintenance	100,506		100,506	97,164	97,164	[3,342]
Total expenditures	37,467,780		37,467,780	38,430,492	38,430,492	962,712
Excess [deficiency] of revenues						
over [under] expenditures	388,215	12,599,729	12,987,944	12,592,123	12,585,454	402,490
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]:						
Transfers out	-	[12,599,729]	[12,599,729]	[11,643,686]	[11,643,686]	[956,043]
Adjustments for legal max					6,669	[6,669]
Total other financing sources [uses]		[12,599,729]	[12,599,729]	[11,643,686]	[11,637,017]	[962,712]
Excess [deficiency] of revenues and other sources over [under]						
expenditures and other [uses]	388,215	-	388,215	<u>\$ 948,437</u>	<u>\$ 948,437</u>	<u>\$ [560,222]</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	3,818,844	<u> </u>	3,818,844			
FUND BALANCE - End of year	<u>\$ 4,207,059</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,207,059</u>			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) COST OF LIVING FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		GAAP <u>Basis</u>		djustments Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgetary <u>Basis</u>		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Fir I	iance with al Budget Positive <u>legative</u>]
REVENUES: Taxes:												
In process	\$	122,258	\$	-	\$	122,258	\$	121,015	\$	121,015	\$	1,243
Current		6,408,336		-		6,408,336		6,603,820		6,603,820		[195,484]
Delinquent		137,115		-		137,115		25,629		25,629		111,486
Motor vehicle		579,373		-		579,373		583,672		583,672		[4,299]
Rental excise	_	4,254	_	-		4,254		5,203		5,203		[949]
Total revenues		7,251,336		-		7,251,336		7,339,339		7,339,339		[88,003]
EXPENDITURES: Instruction		7,241,034				7,241,034		7,655,950		7,655,950		414,916
Total expenditures		7,241,034			_	7,241,034		7,655,950	_	7,655,950		414,916
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures		10,302		-		10,302	\$	[316,611]	\$	[316,611]	\$	326,913
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year, restated	_	556,959	_			556,959						
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$	567,261	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	567,261						

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) EXTRAORDINARY GROWTH FACILITIES FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	Adjustments to Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]
REVENUES: Taxes:				-		
In process	\$ 46,733	\$-	\$ 46,733	\$ 46,417	\$ 46,417	\$ 316
Current	1,974,984	-	1,974,984	2,034,884	2,034,884	[59,900]
Delinquent	207,498	-	207,498	9,798	9,798	197,700
Motor vehicle	339,787	-	339,787	338,827	338,827	960
Rental excise	2,888		2,888	3,021	3,021	[133]
Total revenues	2,571,890		2,571,890	2,432,947	2,432,947	138,943
EXPENDITURES: Instruction	2,055,008		2,055,008	2,874,014	2,874,014	819,006
Total expenditures	2,055,008		2,055,008	2,874,014	2,874,014	819,006
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	516,882	-	516,882	<u>\$ [441,067]</u>	<u>\$ [441,067</u>] <u>\$ 957,949</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year, restated	515,129		515,129			
FUND BALANCE - End of year	<u>\$ 1,032,011</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,032,011</u>			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) VOCATIONAL EDUCATION FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GAAP Basis	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Budgetary Basis	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]
REVENUES:						
Taxes Current	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Gundin	<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>
Total taxes						<u> </u>
Intergovernmental:						
State and local	5,177,498	[5,177,498]	-	-	-	-
Federal	99,527		99,527	99,527	99,527	
Total intergovernmental	5,277,025	[5,177,498]	99,527	99,527	99,527	-
Miscellaneous	171,497		171,497	531,500	531,500	[360,003]
Total revenues	5,448,522	[5,177,498]	271,024	631,027	631,027	[360,003]
EXPENDITURES:						
Instruction	5,054,010	[229]	5,053,781	5,693,682	5,693,682	639,901
Instructional support staff	102,264	[2,737]	99,527	99,527	99,527	-
School administration	195,651		195,651	202,596	202,596	6,945
Total expenditures	5,351,925	[2,966]	5,348,959	5,995,805	5,995,805	646,846
Excess [deficiency] of revenues						
over [under] expenditures	96,597	[5,174,532]	[5,077,935]	[5,364,778]	[5,364,778]	286,843
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]:						
Transfers in		5,177,498	5,177,498	5,364,778	5,364,778	[187,280]
Total other financing sources [uses]		5,177,498	5,177,498	5,364,778	5,364,778	[187,280]
Excess [deficiency] of revenues and other sources over [under] expenditures and other [uses]	96,597	2,966	99,563	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 99,563</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	4,972	[4,972]				
FUND BALANCE - End of year	<u>\$ 101,569</u>	<u>\$ [2,006]</u>	\$ 99,563			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) AT RISK (K-12) FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GAAP Basis	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Budgetary Basis	Budgeted /	Amounts Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]
REVENUES:						<u>[[]]</u>
Taxes Current	<u>\$ 3,966,432</u>	<u>\$ [3,966,432]</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Total taxes	3,966,432	[3,966,432]				
Intergovernmental: State and local Federal	2,741,446	[2,741,446]		- 193,034	- 193,034	- [193,034]
Total intergovernmental	2,741,446	[2,741,446]		193,034	193,034	[193,034]
Total revenues	6,707,878	[6,707,878]		193,034	193,034	[193,034]
EXPENDITURES: Instruction Student support services Instructional support staff School administration Operations and maintenance	3,353,290 51,492 92,871 185,225		3,353,290 51,492 92,871 185,225	3,757,467 65,730 80,287 182,644	3,757,467 65,730 80,287 182,644	404,177 14,238 [12,584] [2,581]
Total expenditures	3,682,878		3,682,878	4,086,128	4,086,128	403,250
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	3,025,000	[6,707,878]	[3,682,878]	[3,893,094]	[3,893,094]	210,216
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]: Transfers in		6,707,878	6,707,878	3,893,094	3,893,094	2,814,784
Total other financing sources [uses]		6,707,878	6,707,878	3,893,094	3,893,094	2,814,784
Excess [deficiency] of revenues and other sources over [under] expenditures and other [uses]	3,025,000	-	3,025,000	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,025,000
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year						
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 3,025,000	<u> </u>	\$ 3,025,000			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	Adjustments to Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgeted Original	d Amounts <u>Final</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]
Intergovernmental:						
State and local	<u>\$ 921,452</u>	<u>\$ [921,452]</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 177,000</u>	<u>\$ 177,000</u>	<u>\$ [177,000]</u>
Total revenues	921,452	[921,452]		177,000	177,000	[177,000]
EXPENDITURES:						
Instructional support staff	413,635	-	413,635	1,122,068	1,122,068	708,433
Central services	3,235		3,235			[3,235]
Total expenditures	416,870		416,870	1,122,068	1,122,068	705,198
Excess [deficiency] of revenues						
over [under] expenditures	504,582	[921,452]	[416,870]	[945,068]	[945,068]	528,198
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]:						
Transfers in		921,452	921,452	945,068	945,068	[23,616]
		004 450	004 450	045 000	045.000	[00.040]
Total other financing sources [uses]		921,452	921,452	945,068	945,068	[23,616]
Excess [deficiency] of revenues and other sources over [under]						
expenditures and other [uses]	504,582	-	504,582	\$-	\$-	\$ 504,582
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year						
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 504,582	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 504,582</u>			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	djustments Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	В	udgetary <u>Basis</u>	 Budgeted <u>Original</u>		iounts <u>Final</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative]
Taxes:									
In process	\$ 12,025	\$ -	\$	12,025	\$.,	\$	11,865	\$	160
Current	455,765	-		455,765	438,467	4	438,467		17,298
Delinquent	14,893	-		14,893	2,521		2,521		12,372
Motor vehicle	46,555	-		46,555	46,803		46,803		[248]
Rental excise	 307	 -		307	 417		417		[110]
Total revenues	 529,545	 		529,545	 500,073		500,073		29,472
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital outlay	465,926	-		465,926	765,000	-	765,000		299,074
Capital Callay	 ,	 		,	 ,				<u>,</u> _
Total expenditures	 465,926	 		465,926	 765,000		765,000		299,074
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	63,619	-		63,619	\$ [264,927]	\$[<u>264,927]</u>	\$	328,546
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	 606,713	 		606,713					
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 670,332	\$ 	\$	670,332					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) FOOD SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GAAP	Adjustments to Budgetary	Budgetary	Budgeted	Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Basis	Basis	Basis	Original	Final	[Negative]
REVENUES: Intergovernmental: Federal State and local	 \$ 10,968,215 97,495	\$ -	\$ 10,968,215 97,495	\$ 7,058,358 61,244	\$ 7,058,358 61,244	\$ 3,909,857 36,251
	,		,	<u>,</u>	· · · · ·	· · · · ·
Total intergovernmental	11,065,710	-	11,065,710	7,119,602	7,119,602	3,946,108
Charges for services Investment revenue	2,711,348 <u>37</u>	-	2,711,348 <u>37</u>	3,489,452	3,489,452	[778,104] <u>37</u>
Total revenues	13,777,095		13,777,095	10,609,054	10,609,054	3,168,041
EXPENDITURES:						
Operations and maintenance	-	-	-	475,000	475,000	475,000
Food service operations	9,631,974	1,642	9,633,616	10,197,123	10,197,123	563,507
Total expenditures	9,631,974	1,642	9,633,616	10,672,123	10,672,123	1,038,507
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	4,145,121	[1,642]	4,143,479	<u>\$ [63,069]</u>	<u>\$ [63,069]</u>	\$ 4,206,548
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	1,305,908	[155,856]	1,150,052			
FUND BALANCE - End of year	<u>\$ 5,451,029</u>	<u>\$ [157,498]</u>	<u>\$ 5,293,531</u>			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) BILINGUAL EDUCATION FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	Adjustments to Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgeted Original	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]
Taxes Current	<u>\$ 2,427,233</u>	<u>\$ [2,427,233]</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>
Total taxes	2,427,233	[2,427,233]	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Other revenue from local source				165,000	165,000	[165,000]
Total revenues	2,427,233	[2,427,233]		165,000	165,000	[165,000]
EXPENDITURES: Instruction Instructional support staff Student transportation services	1,820,125 66,580 15,528	- - -	1,820,125 66,580 15,528	2,027,854 66,202 20,065	2,027,854 66,202 20,065	207,729 [378] 4,537
Total expenditures	1,902,233		1,902,233	2,114,121	2,114,121	211,888
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	525,000	[2,427,233]	[1,902,233]	[1,949,121]	[1,949,121]	46,888
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]: Transfers in		2,427,233	2,427,233	1,949,121	1,949,121	478,112
Total other financing sources [uses]		2,427,233	2,427,233	1,949,121	1,949,121	478,112
Excess [deficiency] of revenues and other sources over [under] expenditures and other [uses]	525,000	-	525,000	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 525,000</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year						
FUND BALANCE - End of year	<u>\$ 525,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 525,000			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) VIRTUAL EDUCATION FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	Adjustments to Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]	
Taxes Current	<u>\$ 495,710</u>	<u>\$ [495,710]</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>
Total taxes	495,710	[495,710]			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Charges for services	366,375	<u> </u>	366,375	344,750	344,750	21,625
Total revenues	862,085	[495,710]	366,375	344,750	344,750	21,625
EXPENDITURES: Instruction Instructional support staff School administration	1,035,079 118,250 38,894		1,035,079 118,250 38,894	1,055,863 113,519 42,407	1,055,863 113,519 42,407	20,784 [4,731] 3,513
Total expenditures	1,192,223		1,192,223	1,211,789	1,211,789	19,566
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	[330,138]	[495,710]	[825,848]	[867,039]	[867,039]	41,191
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]: Transfers in		495,710	495,710	693,530	693,530	[197,820]
Total other financing sources [uses]		495,710	495,710	693,530	693,530	[197,820]
Excess [deficiency] of revenues and other sources over [under] expenditures and other [uses]	[330,138]	-	[330,138]	<u>\$ [173,509]</u>	<u>\$ [173,509]</u>	\$ [156,629]
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	402,288		402,288			
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 72,150	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 72,150			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) SUMMER SCHOOL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	Adjustments to Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	В	udgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgeted Original	An	nounts <u>Final</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative]
Charges for services	\$ 126,848	<u>\$</u> -	\$	126,848	\$ 115,250	\$	115,250	\$	11,598
Total revenues	 126,848			126,848	 115,250		115,250		11,598
EXPENDITURES: Instruction Student support services Instructional support staff	 107,889 1,020 21,149	[525] - -		107,364 1,020 21,149	 193,675 1,831 5,782		193,675 1,831 5,782		86,311 811 [15,367]
Total expenditures	 130,058	[525]		129,533	 201,288		201,288		71,755
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	[3,210]	525		[2,685]	\$ [86,038]	\$	[86,038]	\$	83,353
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	 206,241	[624]		205,617					
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 203,031	<u>\$ [99]</u>	\$	202,932					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) PARENT EDUCATION PROGRAM FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	Adjustments to Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]
Taxes Current	<u>\$ 321,056</u>	<u>\$ [321,056]</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -
Total taxes	321,056	[321,056]				
Intergovernmental: State and local	493,719	<u> </u>	493,719	493,719	493,719	<u> </u>
Total intergovernmental	493,719		493,719	493,719	493,719	
Other local sources			<u> </u>	71,195	71,195	[71,195]
Total revenues	814,775	[321,056]	493,719	564,914	564,914	[71,195]
EXPENDITURES: Student support services Instructional support staff	795,427 4,926		795,427 4,926	874,501 <u>3,050</u>	874,501 3,050	79,074 [1,876]
Total expenditures	800,353		800,353	877,551	877,551	77,198
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	14,422	[321,056]	[306,634]	[312,637]	[312,637]	6,003
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES [USES]: Transfers in		321,056	321,056	294,953	294,953	26,103
Total other financing sources [uses]		321,056	321,056	294,953	294,953	26,103
Excess [deficiency] of revenues and other sources over [under] expenditures and other [uses]	14,422	-	14,422	<u>\$ [17,684]</u>	<u>\$ [17,684]</u>	<u>\$ 32,106</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	35,578		35,578			
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 50,000	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 50,000			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) FEDERAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	Title I	Title II-A	Other Federal Grants	Title III
Intergovernmental: Federal	<u>\$ 434,963</u>	<u>\$ 297,158</u>	<u>\$7,219,209</u>	<u>\$ 94,465</u>
Total revenues	434,963	297,158	7,219,209	94,465
EXPENDITURES:	339,902		3,747,469	94,465
Student support service		_	2,191,457	- 34,403
Instructional support staff	52,488	297,158	175,895	-
School administration	-	-	-	-
General administration	- 42,573	-	1,442,831	-
Student transportation services	42,575			
Total expenditures	434,963	297,158	7,557,652	94,465
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	-	-	[338,443]	-
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year				<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE - End of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ [338,443]</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Total GAAP Basis	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Budgetary Basis	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				F	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]		
<u>\$ 8,045,795</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,045,795</u>	<u>\$</u>	7,835,543	\$	7,835,543	\$	210,252		
8,045,795		8,045,795		7,835,543		7,835,543		210,252		
4,181,836 2,191,457 525,541 - 1,442,831 42,573 8,384,238	241,213 - - 82,688 - - 323,901	4,423,049 2,191,457 525,541 - 1,525,519 42,573 8,708,139		1,136,986 1,086,023 451,505 - 306,507 15,500 2,996,521		1,136,986 - 451,505 - 15,500 1,603,991	_	[3,286,063] [2,191,457] [74,036] - [1,525,519] [27,073] [7,104,148]		
[338,443]	[323,901]	[662,344]	\$	4,839,022	\$	6,231,552	\$	[6,893,896]		
		<u> </u>								
<u>\$ [338,443]</u>	<u>\$ [323,901]</u>	<u>\$ [662,344]</u>								

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) GIFTS AND GRANTS FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	DAC Grant	Blue Valley Foundation Grant	Community Grants	Kauffman CAPS Networking Grant	Gift
REVENUES:	\$ -	¢ 706.007	\$ 44.700	¢ 151 500	¢ 590.076
Other local sources	<u>φ</u> -	<u>\$ 796,907</u>	<u>\$ 44,700</u>	<u>\$ 151,500</u>	<u>\$ 589,276</u>
Total revenues		796,907	44,700	151,500	589,276
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction	-	376,345	34,181	-	530,414
Student support services	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional support staff	3,628	-	-	100,203	-
General administration	-	-	-	97,418	-
School administration	-	-	-	2,314	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Other support services	-	-	-	-	-
Food service operation	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay					
Total expenditures	3,628	376,345	34,181	199,935	530,414
Excess [deficiency] of revenues					
over [under] expenditures	[3,628]	420,562	10,519	[48,435]	58,862
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	33,792	215,194	49,854	126,959	1,002,137
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 30,164	\$ 635,756	\$ 60,373	\$ 78,524	\$ 1,060,999

Total GAAP Basis	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Budgetary Basis	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]
					<u>[guure]</u>
<u>\$ 1,582,383</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 1,582,383</u>	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	<u>\$ 1,432,383</u>
1,582,383	<u> </u>	1,582,383	150,000	150,000	1,432,383
940,940	49,307	990,247	1,086,337	1,086,337	96,090
		-	2,124	2,124	2,124
103,831	9,736	113,567	128,736	128,736	15,169
97,418		97,418	99,722	99,722	2,304
2,314	-	2,314	-	-	[2,314]
		-	21,428	21,428	21,428
		-	797	797	797
		-	3,300	3,300	3,300
	- 268,682	268,682	2,203	2,203	[266,479]
1,144,503	327,725	1,472,228	1,344,647	1,344,647	[127,581]
437,880	[327,725]	110,155	<u>\$ [1,194,647]</u>	<u>\$ [1,194,647]</u>	<u>\$ 1,304,802</u>
1,427,936	[55,904]	1,372,032			
\$ 1,865,816	\$ <u>[383,629]</u>	\$ 1,482,187			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) SPECIAL LIABILITY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	djustments Budgetary <u>Basis</u>		E	udgetary <u>Basis</u>	 Budgetec <u>Original</u>	l Aı	nounts <u>Final</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative]
Taxes:										
In process	\$ 7,085	\$ -	•	\$	7,085	\$ 7,002	\$	7,002	\$	83
Current	1,211,920	-	•		1,211,920	1,163,262		1,163,262		48,658
Delinquent	12,073	-	•		12,073	1,485		1,485		10,588
Motor vehicle	30,067	-	-		30,067	30,322		30,322		[255]
Rental excise	 209	 -	-		209	 270		270		[61]
Total taxes	 1,261,354	 	-		1,261,354	 1,202,341		1,202,341		59,013
Use of money and property	 1,701	 	-		1,701	 1,000				1,701
Total revenues	 1,263,055	 -	<u>.</u>		1,263,055	 1,203,341		1,202,341		60,714
EXPENDITURES:										
Other support services	 947,268	 	-		947,268	 1,274,153				[947,268]
Total expenditures	 947,268	 -	<u>.</u>		947,268	 1,274,153				[947,268]
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	315,787	-	-		315,787	\$ [70,812]	\$	1,202,341	\$	[886,554]
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	 649,818	 -	<u>.</u>		649,818					
FUND BALANCE - End of year	\$ 965,605	\$ -	-	\$	965,605					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON - GAAP BASIS) DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES:	GAAP <u>Basis</u>	Adjustments to Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgetary <u>Basis</u>	Budgeted Amounts Original Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive [Negative]
Taxes: In process Current Delinquent Motor vehicle Rental excise	\$ 1,081,157 52,323,242 1,010,760 5,191,355 38,341	\$ - - - - -	\$ 1,081,157 52,323,242 1,010,760 5,191,355 38,341	50,144,295 50,144,29 226,643 226,64	5 2,178,947 3 784,117 7 [38,352]
Total taxes	59,644,855	-	59,644,855	56,717,986 56,717,98	6 2,926,869
Intergovernmental				180,827 180,82	7 [180,827]
Total revenues	59,644,855	<u>-</u>	59,644,855	56,898,813 56,898,81	3 2,746,042
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service Principal Interest and other charges	49,490,000 11,544,888	-	49,490,000 11,544,888	49,490,000 49,490,00 11,544,888 11,544,88	
Total expenditures	61,034,888		61,034,888	61,034,888 61,034,88	<u> </u>
Excess [deficiency] of revenues over [under] expenditures	[1,390,033]	-	[1,390,033]] <u>\$ [</u> 4,136,075] <u>\$ [</u> 4,136,07	5] <u>\$ 2,746,042</u>
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of year	59,586,437		59,586,437		
FUND BALANCE - End of year	<u> </u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 58,196,404</u>		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Blue Valley Recreation Commission <u>General</u>	Blue Valley Recreation Commission <u>Employee Benefits</u>	Total Custodial <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS:			
Cash and investments	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
LIABILITIES:			
Other liabilities	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
NET POSITION:			
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Blue Valley Recreation Commission <u>General</u>	Blue Valley Recreation Commission <u>Employee Benefits</u>	Total Custodial <u>Funds</u>
ADDITIONS: Tax collections for other governments	<u>\$ 7,687,307</u>	<u>\$ 890,991</u>	<u>\$ 8,578,298</u>
Total additions	7,687,307	890,991	8,578,298
DEDUCTIONS: Payments of tax to other governments	7,687,307	890,991	8,578,298
Total deductions	7,687,307	890,991	8,578,298
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position			
Net position - beginning, restated			
Net position - ending	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -

STATISTICAL SECTION

The data shown in the following section relates only to the primary governmental unit.

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section is intended to provide a broader and more complete understanding of the physical, economic, social and political characteristics of the District than is possible from the financial statements, notes and supporting schedules presented in the Financial Section. In addition, this section is used, in part, to comply with the continuing disclosure requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12.

The information presented in this section does not provide full and adequate disclosure of financial information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, but is designed to be useful in identifying trends and evaluating the credit worthiness of the District.

<u>Contents</u>	Page
Financial Trends	92 - 98

These schedules contain information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

107 - 110

102 - 106

99 - 101

111 - 114

91

		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental Activities											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	θ	\$ 186,154,342 \$	169,588,323	\$ 215,169,968 \$	181,586,706 \$	217,858,989 \$	165,097,226 \$	228,636,119 \$	162,103,563 \$	246,714,792 \$	283,756,242
Restricted		44,860,853	45,395,801	46,733,305	54,682,350	56,343,026	64,149,804	63,310,982	63,267,867	59,586,437	58,196,404
Unrestricted		103,947,168	(95,904,984)	(140,784,864)	(94,811,504)	(82,996,548)	(8,431,128)	(63,199,351)	46,918,684	(15,655,304)	(9,209,047)
Total Net Position	¢	\$ 334,962,363 \$ 119	119,079,140	\$ 121,118,409 \$ 141,457,552 \$	141,457,552 \$	\$ 191,205,467 \$	220,815,902 \$	228,747,750 \$	272,290,114 \$	290,645,925 \$	332,743,599
		(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(3)	(4)	

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(1) 2012 to 2016, 2018 & 2019 Net Position was restated as a result of prior period adjustments to Capital Assets.

(2) 2017 Net Position was restated as a result of implementing GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefts Other Than Pension, in the 17/18 fiscal year.

(3) 2020 Net Position was restated as a result of implementing GASB Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities, in the 20/21 fiscal year.

(4) The increase of \$18.4 million in total net position is due to several factors. It includes a decrease in current assets of \$56.3 million and an increase in current liabilities of \$30.2 million. It also includes a decrease in current liabilities of \$30.4 million and a decrease in non-current liabilities of \$32.2 million. In addition, deferred outflows increased \$22.4 million and deferred inflows decreased \$6 million. Net position includes \$246.7 million invested in capital assets, \$539.6 million uncested in capital second \$6.15.7 million uncested.

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 Basic Financial Statements

92

TABLE 1 (UNAUDITED)

				(Accrual Basi	(Accrual Basis of Accounting)						
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses											
Governmental Activities:											
Instruction	ø	163,196,073 \$	168,366,225 \$	166,954,866 \$	161,285,234 \$	153,626,889 \$	166,468,465 \$	173,395,883 \$	175,886,400 \$	194,312,502 \$	194,864,600
Student Support Services		11,432,163	12,819,743	13,547,226	14,709,111	15,129,219	15,949,152	17,333,890	18,940,540	20,680,423	21,142,311
Instructional Support Staff		12,408,782	11,646,757	11,405,475	11,272,178	11,388,524	11,804,231	10,979,448	12,569,777	21,614,478	11,678,565
General Administration		2,714,161	2,486,372	2,783,983	3,106,735	2,219,429	2,296,156	2,245,283	2,914,964	2,662,319	4,054,021
School Administration		11,118,089	11,393,045	11,962,590	11,972,795	12,099,831	12,796,575	13,443,424	13,588,838	14,970,937	14,748,200
Central Services		2,504,859	7,787,145	4,422,267	2,449,271	2,581,667	4,709,225	5,585,444	6,175,804	11,220,462	6,121,477
Operations and Maintenance		29,111,567	26,521,120	28,382,155	26,538,313	44,242,526	40,600,072	55,707,045	26,812,634	27,292,995	34,854,643
Student Transportation Services		7,177,185	7,666,999	7,850,303	7,997,570	8,071,060	8,583,748	8,874,214	8,513,977	7,787,388	8,389,097
Food Service Operations		9,739,952	9,800,996	9,577,973	9,413,722	9,528,742	9,037,782	9,227,762	8,079,429	7,090,174	9,919,308
Other Support Services		10.869.380	15.498.093	14.345.947	13.907.122	7.537.513	7.368.473	9.053.122	14.519.044	9.259.766	9.791.569
Interest on Long-Term Debt		13,434,389	12,739,467	13,055,681	13,920,302	12,121,977	13,272,311	12,231,720	11, 198, 373	10,758,613	9,154,262
Total Primary Government		273,706,600	286,725,962	284,288,466	276,572,353	278,547,377	292,886,190	318,077,235	299,199,780	327,650,057	324,718,053
Prodram Revenues											
Governmental Activities:											
Charges for Services											
Instruction		5,585,856	5,542,342	5,589,658	6,010,192	5,985,359	3,323,552	3,358,803	3,226,228	3,108,398	3,702,350
C Food Service Operations		7,390,603	7,619,914	7,504,937	7,414,711	7,187,588	7,101,967	7,239,749	5,451,868	1,245,337	2,711,348
		12,976,459	13,162,256	13,094,595	13,424,903	13,172,947	10,425,519	10,598,552	8,678,096	4,353,735	6,413,698
Operating Grants and Contributions											
Instruction		32,598,685	33,058,013	35,882,529	36,816,744	55,225,865	39,291,175	37,749,750	37,866,295	59,096,863	59,524,441
Student Support Services		955,109	1,098,385	1,023,018	966,033	3,609,112	1,487,564	996,382	7,884,261	13,249,312	13,390,842
Instructional Support Staff		1,624,289	1,740,554	1,509,921	932,717	2,583,821	1,395,833	956,567	1,262,884	2,235,351	1,994,740
General Administration		122,822	142,935	137,381	105,021	395,099	165,983	99,857	757,797	1,262,002	1,309,843
School Administration		745,352	865,050	811,867	671,289	2,467,921	1,041,176	682,473	1,227,972	1,904,299	1,937,399
Central Services								33,598	•		•
Operations and Maintenance		1,759,419	1,747,280	1,678,950	1,834,597	3,325,682	1,864,789	2,251,053	1,081,432	1,638,498	1,651,024
Student Transportation Services					4,820	12,577	23,405	67,687	4,651,461	6,826,466	7,695,535
Food Service Operations		1,900,846	2,055,844	2,076,446	1,958,877	2,522,800	1,978,730	1,856,126	327,935	482,215	484,097
Other Support Services		606,988	708,047	654,148	544,205	2,062,805	859,505	443,865	806,214	1,267,690	1,238,357
Total Operating Grants and Contributions		40,313,510	41,416,108	43,774,260	43,834,303	72,205,682	48,108,160	45,137,358	55,866,251	87,962,696	89,226,278
Total Primary Government Program Revenues		53,289,969	54,578,364	56,868,855	57,259,206	85,378,629	58,533,679	55,735,910	64,544,347	92,316,431	95,639,976
	÷		201								
i otal Primary Government Net (Expense)	Ð	(ZZU,410,031)	(232, 147, 398) \$	¢ [110'61+'177]	Z19,313,147 &	[193,108,748] \$	¢ [110,200,402]	¢ (325,145,202)	¢ 54,000,433	230,333,020	729,078,077

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 Basic Financial Statements

		ō	ENERAL SCHOOL S	BLUE VALLEY U YSTEM REVENUE LAST TEN F (Accrual Basis	BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS STEM REVENUES AND TOTAL CHAI LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)	BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS ENERAL SCHOOL SYSTEM REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)					
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total Primary Government Net (Expense)	ŝ	\$ [220,416,631] \$		[227,419,611] \$	[219,313,147] \$	[193,168,748] \$	[234,352,511] \$	232,147,598] \$ [227,419,611] \$ [219,313,147] \$ [193,168,748] \$ [234,352,511] \$ [262,341,326] \$ [234,656,433] \$ [235,333,626] \$	[234,655,433] \$	[235,333,626] \$	[229,078,077]
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:											
Property Taxes		159,979,222	157,602,853	115,510,068	124,540,935	131,142,773	139,622,664	142,791,170	144,868,823	152,850,864	152,846,958
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs		65,496,968	66,417,592	111,004,280	109,054,253	108,644,305	118,661,744	118,229,592	122,661,753	96,640,913	111,497,878
Investments Earnings		115,849	120,444	142,661	708,257	1,471,266	3,232,221	5,425,849	3,294,787	492,952	668,087
Miscellaneous		3,383,056	2,685,681	2,827,806	5,100,245	5,019,512	2,421,705	3,177,965	3,931,474	3,704,708	6,162,828
Total Primary Government		228,975,095	226,826,570	229,484,815	239,403,690	246,277,856	263,938,334	269,624,576	274,756,837	253,689,437	271,175,751
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	ŝ	8,558,464 \$	[5,321,028] \$	2,065,204 \$	20,090,543 \$	53,109,108	29,585,823 \$	7,283,251 \$	40,101,404 \$	18,355,811 \$	42,097,674

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 Basic Financial Statements

TABLE 3 (UNAUDITED)

		FUND	ILUE VALLEY I BALANCES, G LAST TEN F	BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	AS . FUNDS					
		W)	dified Accrual	(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)	iting)					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 154,016	\$ 181,985	\$ 186,453	\$ 195,635	\$ 239,414	\$ 214,839 \$	\$ 277,644 \$	118,469 \$	76,360 \$	87,319
Restricted								\$	1,072,088 \$	1,599,272
Assigned	750,343	367,588	294,791	305,168	579,863	392,917	239,234	149,606	115,526	140,208
Unassigned		-	'		'				14,998,570	23,707,059
Total General Fund	\$ 904,359	\$ 549,573	\$ 481,245	\$ 500,804	\$ 819,277	\$ 607,756	\$ 516,878 \$	268,075 \$	16,262,544 \$	25,533,858
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$ 127,620	\$ 102,172	\$ 140,378	\$ 155,595	\$ 151,192	\$ 137,954	\$ 140,779 \$	2,891,168 \$	2,675,474 \$	2,637,034
Restricted	122,319,631	125,317,272	126,046,547	176,972,593	157,726,520	215,553,432	182,467,145	257,124,902	160,452,782	161,426,948
Assigned	48,411,437	32,765,650	43,847,951	32,860,407	29,516,751	51,828,385	30,619,117	42,861,113	66,263,696	54,460,225
Unassigned	[441,689]	22,748,946	[27,056,215]	3,683,125	3,748,516	4,290,066	- 3,641,044	3,953,694		[338,443]
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 170,416,999	\$ 180,934,040	\$ 142,978,661	\$ 213,671,720	\$ 191,142,979	\$ 271,809,837	\$ 216,868,085 \$	306,830,877 \$	229,391,952 \$	218,185,764
									(1)	

(1) With the implementation in 2021 of GASB Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities, the District's General Fund balance sheet now includes the Supplemental General, Contingency Reserve, Cost of Living, and Extraordinary Growth funds, which were previously presented separately.

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 Basic Financial Statements

LADI JEN FIDUAL TEARD	dified Accrual Basis of Accounting)
	5

	2013	2014	2015	2	016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Taxes, Net	\$ 159,979,222	159,979,222 \$ 157,602,853 \$ 115,510,068 \$	115,510,068		124,540,935 \$	131,142,773 \$	139,622,664 \$	142,791,170 \$	144,868,823 \$	152,850,864 \$	152,846,958
Intergovernmental	105,810,478	105,810,478 107,833,700	154,778,540	15.	2,888,556	149,102,837	166,769,904	161,527,228	178,528,004	184,603,609	200,724,156
Charges for Services	12,976,459	13,162,256	13,094,595	÷	3,424,903	13,172,947	10,425,519	10,598,552	8,678,096	4,353,735	6,413,698
Investment Revenue	115,849	120,444	142,661		708,257	1,471,266	3,232,221	5,425,849	3,294,787	492,952	668,087
Other	3,383,056	2,685,681	2,827,806		5,100,246	5,019,513	2,421,705	3,177,965	3,931,474	3,704,708	6,162,828
Total Revenues	\$ 282,265,064	\$ 281,404,934	286,353,670	\$ 29	296,662,897 \$	299,909,336 \$	322,472,013 \$	323,520,764 \$	339,301,184 \$	346,005,868	366,815,727

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 Basic Financial Statements

TABLE 5 1 of 2 (UNAUDITED)

		GOVER	BLU NMENTAL FUN	BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS EXPENDITURES AND DEBT SERVICE RATIO	#229, KANSAS RES AND DEBT	SERVICE RAT	Q			
			l (Modifi	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)	L YEARS s of Accounting	(
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Instruction	\$ 136,116,810	136,116,810 \$ 140,975,173	\$ 139,835,919 \$	\$ 137,237,466 \$	135,372,445 \$	151,447,102	\$ 155,633,568 \$	159,154,804 \$	168,192,916 \$	179,980,925
Student Support Services	11,177,484	. 12,525,113	12,872,360	14,252,444	14,671,814	15,919,222	16,663,247	20,018,586	20,017,792	21,172,540
Instructional Support Staff	12,283,830	11,511,832	10,846,162	10,988,731	11,142,160	12,028,386	12,884,521	13,320,338	11,966,164	11,931,380
General Administration	2,308,589	2,082,890	2,283,986	2,380,237	2,077,097	2,198,413	2,074,920	2,347,088	2,130,260	3,603,322
School Administration	11,031,367	11,309,038	11,518,478	11,703,748	11,806,387	12,826,556	13,117,649	14,549,822	14,781,718	15,115,269
Central Services	1,613,130	7,004,825	2,852,312	1,053,059	719,658	2,004,606	4,535,303	3,274,692	5,365,733	3,988,134
Operations and Maintenance	21,295,929	21,956,175	21,968,110	22,400,226	23,407,800	25,560,254	27,185,737	25,584,167	24,818,588	27,232,231
Student Transportation Services	7,124,296	7,612,871	7,714,254	7,926,230	8,025,949	8,640,458	8,510,269	8,521,058	7,786,284	8,393,124
Food Service Operations	9,668,178	9,589,525	9,416,410	9,283,294	9,416,542	9,105,165	9,149,568	8,397,882	7,056,427	10,040,903
Other Support Services	10,622,676	11,193,608	10,885,487	10,361,464	10,613,636	10,068,113	8,863,454	9,780,602	9,063,341	9,573,366
Capital Outlay	28,159,518	55,169,308	47,361,725	50,601,492	39,749,637	37,707,073	53,830,400	50,613,834	73,062,690	81,621,329
Debt Service										
Principal Retirement	28,050,000	30,280,000	32,105,000	31,540,000	39,990,000	37,170,000	50,465,031	64,905,000	53,585,000	49,490,000
Interest and Other Charges	14,627,710	13,966,025	13,976,299	14,792,681	15,126,479	14,823,165	15,582,170	13,232,943	13,064,377	11,544,888
Total Expenditures (1)	\$ 294,079,517	\$ 335,176,383	\$ 323,636,502	\$ 324,521,072 \$	322,119,604	\$ 339,498,513	<u>\$ 378,495,837</u> <u>\$</u>	393,700,816 \$	410,891,290 \$	433,687,411
Debt service as a percentage of noncanital expenditures	15 38%	4 90%	15.08%	16.36%	18 71%	16 79%	49.22%	21 79%	18 Z 0 %	17 05%

(1) Expenditures include General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Project Funds and all other Governmental Funds.

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 Basic Financial Statements

	OTHER FINA	BLL NCING SOURC (Modii	JE VALLEY USD #229, KAN ES AND USES AND NET CI LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS Ted Accrual Basis of Accou	BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS OURCES AND USES AND NET CHANGI LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)	BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES AND NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)	ALANCES				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Excess of Revenues Over [Under] Expenditures	\$ [11,814,453] \$ [53,771,449] \$ [37,282,832] \$ [27,858,175] \$ [22,210,268] \$ [17,026,500] \$ [54,975,073] \$ [54,399,632] \$ [64,885,422] \$ [66,871,684]	[53,771,449] §	[37,282,832] \$	[27,858,175] \$	[22,210,268] \$	[17,026,500] \$	[54,975,073] \$	[54,399,632]	[64,885,422]	[66,871,684]
Other Financing Sources [Uses]										
Sale of bonds		61,000,000	28,835,000	158,810,000		91,285,031		137,485,000		61,835,000
Bond premium		2,933,704	3,772,328	14,463,742		6,506,184		7,215,194		3,101,810
Bond redemption			[33,140,088]	[74,346,112]						
Bond issuance costs	•	•	[208,115]	[356,837]		[309,378]	[57,557]	[586,567]		
Transfers in	1,768	2,300,000	2,905,195	752,000	177,365	7,137	819	251,515	250,697	11,817,314
Transfers [out]	[1,768]	[2,300,000]	[2,905,195]	[752,000]	[177,365]	[7,137]	[819]	[251,515]	[250,697]	[11,817,314]
Total Other Financing Sources [Uses]	 	63,933,704	[740,875]	98,570,793		97,481,837	[57,557]	144,113,627		64,936,810
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ [11,814,453] \$ 10,162,255</u>	10,162,255 \$	[38,023,707] \$	70,712,618 \$	\$ [38,023,707] \$ 70,712,618 \$ [22,210,268] \$ 80,455,337 \$ [55,032,630] \$ 89,713,995 \$ [64,885,422] \$ [1,934,874]	80,455,337 \$	[55,032,630] \$	89,713,995	[64,885,422]	[1,934,874]

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 Basic Financial Statements

TABLE 7 (UNAUDITED) BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN TAX YEARS

					Motor and		:	Personal				Ratio of Total	
	Real Property	Property	Utilities	Total	Recreational Vehicle	Total Equalized	Real Property Estimated	Property Estimated	Utilities Estimated	Total Estimated	Increase/ (Decrease) in	Assessed to Total	Total
Тах	Tax Assessed Assessed Assessed Assessed Asses	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Total Equalized	Estimated	Direct
Year	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Assessed Value	Act. Value	Rate
2013 \$	\$ 2,250,395,761	\$ 31,888,705	\$ 42,749,488 \$	2,325,033,954	\$ 214,600,219	\$ 2,539,634,173	θ	15,918,913,074 \$ 127,016,651	÷	135,764,899 \$ 16,181,694,624	2.84%	14.37%	70.036
2014	2,418,503,381	27,747,927	40,894,936	2,487,146,244	226,456,182	2,713,602,426	17,051,645,130	146,505,231	134,891,256	17,333,041,617	6.85%	14.35%	67.939
2015	2,577,368,002	23,744,299	40,801,919	2,641,914,220	238,107,143	2,880,021,363	18,246,546,389	138,865,933	133,162,810	18,518,575,132	6.13%	14.27%	67.889
2016	2,780,058,671	21,818,266	41,642,471	2,843,519,408	250,545,320	3,094,064,728	19,530,238,580	130,478,556	134,938,614	19,795,655,750	7.43%	14.36%	66.255
2017	2,941,061,594	20,666,495	42,754,154	3,004,482,243	260,594,687	3,265,076,930	20,793,991,870	125,453,375	135,126,148	21,054,571,393	5.53%	14.27%	66.614
2018	3,100,905,483	20,328,567	44,230,085	3,165,464,135	270,331,911	3,435,796,046	23,672,631,410	122,386,479	142,494,953	23,937,512,842	5.23%	13.22%	64.999
2019	3,250,580,239	19,248,505	46,979,111	3,316,807,855	278,843,987	3,595,651,842	23,346,322,190	120,017,633	151,308,695	23,617,648,518	4.65%	14.04%	62.797
2020	3,401,794,445	12,240,075	49,844,777	3,463,879,297	285,231,182	3,749,110,479	24,485,925,590	92,587,247	159,675,481	24,738,188,318	4.27%	14.00%	60.503
2021	3,492,276,696	11,854,265	52,924,328	3,557,055,289	284,118,537	3,841,173,826	25,304,817,560	90,670,219	168,349,555	25,563,837,334	2.46%	13.91%	58.967
2022	3,804,612,837	9,470,053	56,977,272	3,871,060,162	292,886,854	4,163,947,016	27,845,861,290	86,423,867	180,685,938	28,112,971,095	8.40%	13.77%	54.870
													(1

(1) Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation

Source: Johnson County Department of Records and Tax Administration, Johnson County Appraiser and Blue Valley USD #229 records

		DIRECT	' AND OVERLAPPING GOVI LAST TEN TAX YEARS	DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN TAX YEARS	ENTS					
Blue Valley USD #229	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000	20.000
Supplemental General	17.212	16.460	15.776	15.230	15.403	14.011	13.678	12.975	12.902	11.998
Extraordinary Growth	4.889	3.736	3.528	3.182	3.136	2.177	1.326	0.719	0.572	0.150
Capital Outlay	8.000	8.000	8.000	8.000	8.000	7.995	8.000	8.000	8.000	8.000
Cost of Living	2.398	2.294	2.503	2.198	1.931	1.968	1.953	1.881	1.856	1.625
Bond & Interest	17.017	17.115	18.012	17.618	17.627	18.586	17.603	16.634	15.154	12.600
Special Assessment	0.367	0.286	0.027	0.002	0.249	0.156	0.141	0.185	0.132	0.200
Special Liability	0.153	0.048	0.043	0.025	0.268	0.106	0.096	0.109	0.351	0.297
Total - Direct	70.036	67.939	67.889	66.255	66.614	64.999	62.797	60.503	58.967	54.870
State of Kansas	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500
Johnson County	17.745	17.764	19.582	19.590	19.318	19.024	19.036	18.799	18.564	17.772
City of Overland Park	12.833	12.837	12.848	13.800	13.565	13.566	13.557	13.582	14.578	14.573
Johnson County Library	3.155	3.157	3.912	3.915	3.921	3.901	3.904	3.905	3.908	3.815
Johnson County Parks	2.347	2.349	3.101	3.102	3.112	3.088	3.090	3.093	3.096	3.021
Community College	9.551	9.461	9.469	9.473	9.503	9.266	9.121	9.191	9.110	8.617
Blue Valley Recreation Commission	2.201	2.202	2.200	2.200	2.199	2.199	2.199	2.193	2.216	2.989
Total - Overlapping Governments (1)	49.332	49.270	52.612	53.580	53.118	52.544	52.407	52.263	52.972	52.287
Total - Direct & Overlapping Governments	119.368	117.209	120.501	119.835	119.732	117.543	115.204	112.766	111.939	107.157
I										

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS PROPERTY TAX RATES (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION) (1) This table provides the total mill levy for property owners in that portion of the District located within the City of Overland Park. District taxpayers who own property in the City of Leawood, City of Olathe, and unincorporated areas of Johnson and Miami Counties experience tax rates that are different than these rates.

Source: Johnson County Department of Records and Tax Administration

TABLE 9 1 of 2 (UNAUDITED)

Name	Industry	2022 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	2013 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
Corporate Woods Kansas Realty LP OPS-KS Asniria I I C (formerly Sprint Campus)	Real Estate Commerical	67,313,333 63 579 028	<i>←</i> 0	1.74% 1.64%	57,338,524	~	2.53%
Evergy Metro Inc (formerly Kansas City Power & Light)	Electric Utility	32,693,032	1 M	0.84%	20,563,026	e	0.91%
Leawood TCP, LLC (formerly Town Center Plaza, L.L.C.)	Retail Shopping Center	27,437,001	4	0.71%	25,107,000	0	1.11%
CBPK5 LP	Office Buildings	25,931,695	5	0.67%			0.00%
City of Overland Park	Municipality	24,735,419	9	0.64%			
KBSIII PARK PLACE VILLAGE LLC	Real Estate	24,649,270	7	0.64%			
Central Tennessee Hospital (Menorah)	Hospital	20,500,840	ω	0.53%	12,561,723	S	0.56%
MEPT Lighton Plaza, LLC	Office Buildings	16,625,002	6	0.43%	13,177,502	4	0.58%
Privitera Realty Holdings (formerly Privatera, Carl J.)	Real Estate	14,344,415	10	0.37%	10,278,706	7	0.45%
119 Leawood, LLC	Real Estate				12,214,248	9	0.54%
MC Prairiefire, LLC	Retail Shopping Center				9,555,908	∞	0.42%
Integrated Capital	Real Estate				8,730,010	6	0.39%
Park Place Village, LLC	Real Estate				8,675,501	10	0.38%
		\$ 317,809,035		7.84%	7.84% \$ 178,202,148		7.49%

Source: Johnson County Department of Records and Tax Administration, Johnson County Appraiser and Blue Valley USD #229 records

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Tax Year/ Collection Year	Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Taxes Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections (Current & Delinquent)	Ratio of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Ratio of Outstanding Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
2012/13	\$ 163,867,030	\$ 162,507,688	99.17%	\$ 4,104,612	\$ 166,612,300	101.68%	\$ 1,359,342	0.83%
2013/14	161,833,424	160,685,605	99.29%	989,455	161,675,060	%06.66	1,147,819	0.71%
2014/15	166,700,869	165,811,149	99.47%	2,364,103	168,175,252	100.88%	889,720	0.53%
2015/16	178,250,513	177,114,847	99.36%	4,932,466	182,047,313	102.13%	1,135,666	0.64%
2016/17	186,937,027	185,743,595	99.36%	2,564,430	188,308,025	100.73%	1,193,432	0.64%
2017/18	199,054,830	197,642,669	99.29%	5,128,965	202,771,634	101.87%	1,412,161	0.71%
2018/19	203,913,923	202,322,132	99.22%	5,401,343	207,723,475	101.87%	1,591,791	0.78%
2019/20	207,898,686	206,283,853	99.22%	2,735,680	209,019,533	100.54%	1,614,833	0.78%
2020/21	207,948,739	206,436,384	99.27%	(795,942)	205,640,442	98.89%	1,512,355	0.73%
2021/22	209,223,635	208,302,867	99.56%	826,689	209,129,556	9 6 .96%	920,768	0.44%
	(1)	(2)		(2)	(2)		(2)	
(1) Tax year balances.	ces.							

(1) Tax year balances.(2) Collection year balances.Note: Current & Delinquent Tax Collections reflect collections as of October 11, 2022.

Source: Johnson County Treasurer's Office

TABLE 11 1 of 2 (UNAUDITED)

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Ger	General Obligation		District			Percentage of Personal
Fiscal Year	Capital Leases	S	Bonds	Total	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita	Income
2013	۰ ب	θ	344,675,006 \$	344,675,006	117,197	\$ 5,658,666,600	\$ 2,941	6.09%
2014	167,205)5 (376,865,805	377,033,010	114,897	5,658,666,600	3,281	6.66%
2015	83,602	02	343,478,231	343,561,833	123,937	5,000,238,265	2,772	6.87%
2016	•		409,068,692	409,068,692	133,772	5,736,678,448	3,058	7.13%
2017	•		366,475,245	366,475,245	126,882	5,370,788,178	2,888	6.82%
2018	•		424,619,106	424,619,106	127,833	5,630,148,819	3,322	7.54%
2019	•		371,351,413	371,351,413	128,534	5,973,617,650	2,889	6.22%
2020	•		448,100,256	448,100,256	139,202	6,664,574,154	3,219	6.72%
2021	•		392,318,115	392,318,115	133,381	6,385,882,137	2,941	6.14%
2022	•		405,405,172	405,405,172	127,212	6,105,794,364	3,187	6.64%
						(1)		

and the 2015 to 2020 information is from the 2014 to 2019 Census American Community Surveys 1 year estimates based on all of Johnson County. The 2021 to 2022 information usec the 2020 Johnson County Per Capita Income figure, as the Census Bureau didn't conduct a standard American Community Survey for 2021. (1) The 2013 to 2014 information is from the 2009 Census American Community Survey

Source: Johnson County Department of Records and Tax Administration, Blue Valley #229 records and Census American Community Surveys

					-	Ratio of Bonded Debu	Ratio of Bonded Debt Ratio of Bonded Debt		
Fiscal Ye	District Year Population	District Enrollment	Total Equalized Assessed Value	Total Estimated Actual Value	Bonded Debt	to Equalized Assessed Value	to Estimated Actual Value	Bonded Debt Per Capita	Bonded Debt Per Pupil
2013	117,197	21,135	\$ 2,539,634,173	\$ 16,181,694,624	\$ 344,675,006	13.57%	2.13%	2,941	16,308
2014	114,897	21,371	2,713,602,426	17,333,041,617	376,865,805	13.89%	2.17%	3,280	17,634
2015	123,937	21,376	2,880,021,363	18,518,575,132	343,478,231	11.93%	1.85%	2,771	16,068
2016	133,772	21,581	3,094,064,728	19,795,655,750	409,068,692	13.22%	2.07%	3,058	18,955
2017	126,882	21,619	3,265,076,930	21,054,571,393	366,475,245	11.22%	1.74%	2,888	16,952
2018	127,833	22,316	3,435,796,046	23,937,512,842	424,619,106	12.36%	1.77%	3,322	19,028
2019	128,534	22,358	3,595,651,842	23,617,648,518	371,351,413	10.33%	1.57%	2,889	16,609
2020	139,202	22,416	3,749,110,479	24,738,188,318	448,100,256	11.95%	1.81%	3,219	19,990
2021	133,381	21,784	3,841,173,826	25,563,837,334	392,318,115	10.21%	1.53%	2,941	18,009
2022	127,212	21,976	4,163,947,016	28,112,971,095	405,405,172	9.74%	1.44%	3,187	18,448

Source: Johnson County Department of Records and Tax Administration and Blue Valley USD #229 records

TABLE 13 1 of 2 (UNAUDITED)

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT JUNE 30, 2022

Dimet	ncipal Amount Outstanding Debt (1)	Percent Applicable to School District	Amount pplicable to chool District
Direct Blue Valley USD #229	\$ 405,405,172	100.0%	\$ 405,405,172
Overlapping			
Johnson County (2)	\$ 301,485,000	28.9%	87,159,314
Johnson County Park & Rec	-	28.9%	-
City of Olathe (3)	312,805,000	5.1%	15,890,494
City of Leawood	99,775,000	76.4%	76,198,168
City of Overland Park	99,550,000	58.7%	58,386,075
Johnson County Fire District #2	5,115,000	57.6%	2,946,752
Miami County	6,004,000	0.2%	12,008
Total Overlapping Debt			 240,592,810
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 645,997,982

(1) As of June 30, 2022

(2) Official Statement dated November 3, 2021, for the County's recent debt issue. Excludes general obligation debt supported by utility revenues and special assessments and includes \$231,805,000 of lease purchase revenue bonds issued by the Public Building Commission of Johnson County (PBC) which are payable solely from lease payments received by the PBC from Johnson County.

(3) Official Statement posted to EMMA on June 27, 2022, for City's recent debt issue. Excludes bonds payable from dedicated sources of revenue such as certain special assessments and revenues of the water and sewer system. Includes City's temporary notes.

Source: Johnson County Department of Records and Tax Administration, Miami County Clerk's Office and Blue Valley USD #229 records

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total Assessed Valuation of Taxable Property \$ 2,539,634,173 \$ 2,713,602,426 \$ 2,880,021,363 \$ 3,094,064,728 \$ 3,265,076,930 \$ 3,435,796,046 \$ 3,595,651,842 \$ 3,749,110,479 \$ 3,841,173,826 \$ 4,163,947,016	\$ 2,539,634,173	\$ 2,713,602,426	\$ 2,880,021,363	\$ 3,094,064,728	\$ 3,265,076,930	\$ 3,435,796,046	\$ 3,595,651,842	\$ 3,749,110,479	\$ 3,841,173,826	\$ 4,163,947,016
Debt Limit Percent of Assessed Value	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Debt Limit	\$ 355,548,784	\$ 379,904,340	\$ 403,202,991	\$ 433,169,062	\$ 457,110,770	355,548,784 \$ 379,904,340 \$ 403,202,991 \$ 433,169,062 \$ 457,110,770 \$ 481,011,446 \$ 503,391,258 \$ 524,875,467 \$ 537,764,336 \$ 582,952,582	\$ 503,391,258	\$ 524,875,467	\$ 537,764,336	\$ 582,952,582
Total net debt applicable to limit	344,675,006	376,865,805	343,561,833	409,068,692	366,475,245	424,619,106	371,351,413	448,100,256	392,318,115	405,405,172
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 10,873,778	\$ 3,038,535	\$ 59,641,158	\$ 24,100,370	\$ 90,635,525	<u>\$ 10,873,778</u> <u>\$ 3,038,535</u> <u>\$ 59,641,158</u> <u>\$ 24,100,370</u> <u>\$ 90,635,525</u> <u>\$ 56,392,340</u> <u>\$ 132,039,845</u> <u>\$ 76,775,211</u> <u>\$ 145,446,221</u> <u>\$ 177,547,410</u>	\$ 132,039,845	\$ 76,775,211	\$ 145,446,221	\$ 177,547,410
Total Net Debt Applicable To The Limit As A Percentage of Debt Limit	96.94%	99.20%	85.21%	94.44%	80.17%	88.28%	73.77%	85.37%	72.95%	69.54%

Source: Assessed valuation from Johnson County Department of Records and Tax Administration Statutory limits per K.S.A. 72-6761.

ISAS	ŝ		
BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS	DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	

Enrollment

					increase/				Per Capita	
Fiscal Year	Elementary School	Middle School	High School	Total Student Enrollment	(decrease) from Prior Year	Average Daily Total District	Total District	Personal Income	Personal	Unemployment Rate
-		0000	00000	(1)				(3)		(2)
2013	8,963	5,280	6,892	21,135	66	95.7%	117,197	\$ 5,658,666,600	48,283	4.3%
2014	9,034	5,372	6,965	21,371	236	95.9%	114,897	5,658,666,600	49,250	3.6%
2015	8,950	5,361	7,065	21,376	5	96.6%	123,937	5,000,238,265	40,345	3.1%
2016	8,908	5,348	7,325	21,581	205	96.4%	133,772	5,736,678,448	42,884	2.8%
2017	8,932	5,276	7,411	21,619	38	95.9%	126,882	5,370,788,178	42,329	2.8%
2018	9,506	5,329	7,481	22,316	697	95.6%	127,833	5,630,148,819	44,043	2.6%
2019	9,584	5,238	7,536	22,358	42	92.7%	128,534	5,973,617,650	46,475	2.7%
2020	9,753	5,250	7,413	22,416	58	92.7%	139,202	6,664,574,154	47,877	6.8%
2021	9,381	5,122	7,281	21,784	(632)	96.4%	133,381	6,385,882,137	47,877	3.6%
2022	9,762	5,072	7,142	21,976	192	89.8%	127,212	6,105,794,364	47,997	2.7%
			1100						(4)	

(1) Enrollment counts as of September 20th count date.

(2) Unemployment rates are for all of Johnson County and each are based on the prior fiscal year Johnson County CAFR.

(3) The 2013 to 2014 information is from the 2009 Census American Community Survey, and the 2015 to 2020 information is from the 2015 and 2019 Census American Community Surveys 1 year estimates based on all of Johnson County. The 2021-2022 information used the 2020 Johnson County Per Capita Income figure, as the Census Bureau didn't conduct a standard American Community Survey for 2021. (4) The 2020 Johnson County Per Capita Income figure was used for 2021, as the Census Bureau didn't conduct a standard American Community Survey for 2021.

Source: 2019 Johnson County CAFR, Kansas State Department of Education, Blue Valley USD #229 records and Census American Community Surveys.

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2013

	Ju	ne 30, 2	022	Jı	ine 30, 20	013
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total District Population	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total District Population
T-Mobile (previously Sprint)	6,000	1	4.50%	7,500	1	6.40%
Blue Valley School District #229	3,911	2	2.93%	3,192	2	2.72%
Black & Veatch	2,288	3	1.72%	2,381	3	2.03%
OptumRX	2,000	4	1.50%			
Waddell & Reed, Inc.	1,300	5	0.97%			
Yellow Corp.	1,600	6	1.20%	1,000	5	0.85%
Empower Retirement	900	7	0.67%			
Menorah Medical Center	850	8	0.64%	850	7	0.73%
Saint Lukes South Hospital	709	9	0.53%	695	9	0.59%
Iqvia	700	10	0.52%			
CenturyLink				2,150	4	1.83%
Quintiles Transnational Corporation				870	6	0.74%
Zurich North America Commercial				769	8	0.66%
Children's Mercy South Hospital				586	10	0.50%
Total	20,258		15.76%	19,993	-	17.06%
	(1)				-	

(1) Due to a staffing shortage, the Overland Park Chamber of Commerce did not provide updated employee counts for 2021, therefore, we used the previous year employee counts.

Source: Overland Park Chamber of Commerce and Blue Valley USD #229 records

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS DIRECTORY OF SCHOOL FACILITIES AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

Cabaal	Year	(1) ES Current	(2) Present	(3) HS/MS Current	Enrollment As Of Sept. 20,	(4) Percent of Student
School	Opened	Capacity	Usage	Capacity	2021	Capacity
Blue Valley High School	1970			1,394	1,467	105.27%
Blue Valley North High School	1986			1,675	1,475	88.03%
Blue Valley Northwest High School	1993			1,723	1,530	88.82%
Blue Valley Southwest High School	2010			1,687	1,056	62.61%
Blue Valley West High School	2001			1,716	1,614	94.03%
Aubry Bend Middle School	2011			780	779	99.85%
Blue Valley Middle School	1997			720	560	77.71%
Harmony Middle School	1992			720	534	74.17%
Lakewood Middle School	2002			750	589	78.48%
Leawood Middle School	1981			600	477	79.50%
Overland Trail Middle School	1990			630	510	80.95%
Oxford Middle School	1988			570	580	101.67%
Pleasant Ridge Middle School	1997			750	599	79.81%
Prairie Star Middle School	1996			660	446	67.59%
Blue River Elementary School	1997	23	23		484	100.00%
Cedar Hills Elementary School	2004	24	28		595	116.67%
Cottonwood Point Elementary School	1990	21	19		344	90.48%
Harmony Elementary School	1992	26	22		503	84.62%
Heartland Elementary School	1995	22	17		384	77.27%
Indian Valley Elementary School	1982	20	17		351	85.00%
Lakewood Elementary School	1999	26	25		552	96.15%
Leawood Elementary School	1978	21	25		568	119.05%
Liberty View Elementary School	2002	26	19		415	73.08%
Mission Trail Elementary School	1989	24	19		378	79.17%
Morse Elementary School	1980	19	18		359	94.74%
Oak Hill Elementary School	1987	22	20		469	90.91%
Overland Trail Elementary School	1990	24	26		609	108.33%
Prairie Star Elementary School	1993	22	17		375	77.27%
Stanley Elementary School	1988	20	16		390	80.00%
Stilwell Elementary School	1955	19	12		244	63.16%
Sunrise Point Elementary School	2006	22	18		458	81.82%
Sunset Ridge Elementary School	1998	22	18		378	81.82%
Timber Creek Elementary School	2009	28	27		613	96.43%
Valley Park Elementary School	1985	28	30		643	107.14%
Wolf Springs Elementary	2016	24	22		526	91.67%
Hilltop Learning Center	2014				125	100.00%
Total					21,976	

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 records

Current Capacity refers to potential number of program sections based on the building facility. (1)

(2) Present Usage refers to number of sections currently at the building.

MS/HS capacity is figured based upon the number of students.

(3) (4) Current % of student capacity at elementary schools is calculated by section capacity.

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

Year of Incorporation	1965
Form of Government	Elected Board
Area of District	91 Sq Miles
Population of District	127,212
Enrollment 2021/2022	21,976
Number of Schools Elementary Schools Middle Schools High Schools Total Average Class Size - Elementary	21 9 5 35 22
Number of Employees (FTE) Certified Non-Certified Total Employee Count (FTE)	1,924.0 922.0 2,846.0

		Teache	r Sumn	nary		
	Number of Teachers (FTE)	% of Total		Salary	Ran	ge High
Degree						
Bachelors	293.6	15.8%	\$	44,000	\$	55,095
Bachelors + 12	75.0	4.0%		44,250		56,801
Bachelors + 24	103.6	5.6%		44,500		58,609
Masters	541.8	29.2%		47,000		65,357
Masters + 12	157.1	8.5%		48,000		75,533
Masters + 24	160.8	8.7%		49,500		76,859
Masters + 36	125.0	6.7%		51,000		78,287
Masters + 48	61.6	3.3%		52,500		79,511
Masters + 60	303.9	16.4%		54,000		81,653
Doctorate	30.0	1.6%		55,000		82,571
	1,852.4	100%	_			

	Cer	tified Employe	e Full-Time Equiv	alent Allocation	
		Elementary			
	District Office	School	Middle School	High School	Total
Superintendent	1.0	-	-	-	1.0
Asst. Superintendent	3.0	-	-	-	3.0
Adm. Assistants	-	-	-	-	-
Principals	-	22.0	9.0	6.0	37.0
Asst. Principals	-	4.0	9.0	16.0	29.0
Directors Special Ed.	-	4.0	-	-	4.0
Directors Health	-	-	-	-	-
Director Career Tech. Ed.	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional Coordinators	-	-	-	-	-
Other Directors	11.0	-	-	1.0	12.0
Curriculum Specialists	12.0	12.0	5.5	-	29.5
Vocational Arts Teachers	-	-	-	65.3	65.3
Special Ed. Teachers	-	171.4	54.4	61.1	286.9
Pre-Kindergarten	-	25.8	-	-	25.8
Kindergarten	-	76.0	-	-	76.0
Other Teachers	-	224.0	305.1	582.0	1,111.1
Library Media	-	20.6	9.0	10.0	39.6
Counselors	-	21.0	18.0	25.0	64.0
School Psychologists	1.3	12.1	5.0	5.2	23.6
Nurses	-	22.0	9.0	6.0	37.0
Speech Pathologists	0.7	32.4	4.2	2.6	39.9
Audiologists	-	2.8	-	-	2.8
Social Workers	2.0	6.0	3.0	-	11.0
Reading Specialists	-	22.0	2.5	-	24.5
Other	1.0	-	-	-	1.0
	32.0	678.1	433.7	780.2	1,924.0

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 records - 2021-22 Personnel Report

		Operating	Cost Per	Total Expenses	Cost Per	Teaching	Pupil -	Percentage of Students Receiving Free or Reduced
Fiscal Year	Enrollment (1) Expenditures (2)	penditures (2)	Pupil	(3)	Pupil	Staff	Teacher Ratio	Meals
2013	21,135 \$	223,242,289	10,563	\$ 273,706,600	12,951	1,747	12.1	8.07%
2014	21,371	235,761,050	11,032	286,725,962	13,417	1,767	12.1	8.42%
2015	21,376	230,193,478	10,769	284,288,466	13,299	1,765	12.1	8.39%
2016	21,581	227,586,899	10,546	276,572,353	12,816	1,785	12.1	8.31%
2017	21,619	227,253,488	10,512	278,547,377	12,884	1,792	12.1	8.20%
2018	22,316	249,798,275	11,194	292,886,190	13,124	1,840	12.1	8.10%
2019	22,358	258,618,266	11,567	318,077,235	14,227	1,873	11.9	8.10%
2020	22,416	264,949,039	11,820	299,199,780	13,348	1,888	11.9	7.80%
2021	21,784	271,179,223	12,449	327,650,057	15,041	1,679	13.0	7.70%
2022	21,976	291,031,194	13,243	324,718,053	14,776	1,852	11.9	6.79%
 Enrollment cou Total expenditu Total Primary G 	 Enrollment counts as of September 20th count date. Total expenditures net of Capital Outlay and Debt Serv Total Primary Government expenses 	20th count date. tlay and Debt Ser s	vice					

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 records and Kansas State Department of Education

TABLE 20 (UNAUDITED)

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS SOURCES OF REVENUE JUNE 30, 2022

	 Amount	Percent
Local Property Taxes	\$ 152,846,958	41.67%
State Aid	177,019,802	48.26%
Federal Aid	23,704,354	6.46%
Other Local Source	 13,244,613	3.61%
Totals	\$ 366,815,727	100.00%

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 records

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS FINANCIAL OVERVIEW OF THE DISTRICT JUNE 30, 2022

2021 Estimated Actual Valuation	\$ 25,563,837,334
2021 Assessed Valuation	\$ 3,841,173,826
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 376,230,000
Population	127,212
General Obligation Debt Per Capita	\$ 2,958
Ratio of General Obligation Debt to Estimated Actual Valuation	1.47%
Ratio of General Obligation Debt to Assessed Valuation	9.79%
Outstanding Capital Leases	\$ -
Overlapping General Obligation Debt	\$ 288,670,486
Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Debt	\$ 694,075,658
Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Debt Per Capita	\$ 5,456
Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to Actual Valuation	2.72%
Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to Assessed Valuation	18.07%

.

BLUE VALLEY USD #229, KANSAS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Dated		riginal incipal		Amount	Final Maturity
<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Series</u>	Date		mount	<u>C</u>	Outstanding	Date
Improvements	2012-A	4/15/2012	\$ 4	7,000,000	\$	29,825,000	10/1/2031
Improvements	2014-A	1/15/2014	e	61,000,000		42,800,000	10/1/2033
Refunding	2014-B	7/2/2014	2	28,835,000		14,245,000	10/1/2025
Improvements	2015-A	10/1/2015	ç	92,200,000		54,020,000	10/1/2035
Refunding	2015-B	10/1/2015	e	6,610,000		29,545,000	10/1/2027
Improvements	2017-A	12/6/2017	ç	91,285,000		37,215,000	10/1/2037
Improvements	2020-A	5/7/2020	12	25,000,000		96,035,000	10/1/2040
Refunding	2020-B	5/7/2020	1	2,485,000		10,710,000	10/1/2030
Improvements	2022-A	4/28/2022	e	61,835,000		61,835,000	10/1/2041
					\$	376,230,000	

Note: This table shows the actual outstanding principal amounts, not adjusted for premium or discount as shown in the financial statements.

Source: Blue Valley USD #229 records

GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SECTION

BLUE VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 229 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Assistance	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Listing Pass-Through/Direc	
Grantor/Program Title Number Cluster Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education:	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010A S010A200016, S010A21	0016 \$ 434,963
Special Education Grants to States 84.027A 2 H027A200031, H027A21	, ,
Special Education Grants to States 84.027X 2 H027X210031	686,265
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048A V048A200016, V048A201	,
Special Education Preschool Grants 84.173A 2 H173A200034, H173A21	,
Special Education Preschool Grants 84.173X 2 H173X210034	87,860
Education for Homeless Children and Youth 84.196A S196A190017	54
English Language Acquisition State Grants 84.365A S365A200016, S365A21	,
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 5367A200015, S367A20015 S4.367A S367A190015	0015, 297,158
S425D200002_S425D210	0002
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund 84.425D S4425D21002	4,279,440
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund 84.425U S425U210002	2,557,439
Total U.S. Department of Education	11,681,644
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	
Passed Through State Department of Education:	
Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health through	
School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based	1,707
Surveillance 93.079	
COVID-19 - Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious	1,392,511
Diseases (ELC) 93.323	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	1,394,218
U.S. Department of Agriculture	
Passed Through State Department of Education:	
School Breakfast Program 10.553 1	527,131
National School Lunch Program 10.555 1	9,703,976
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program 10.555 1	19,204
Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 1	714,840
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649	3,063
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10,968,214
Total Federal Assistance	<u>\$ 24,044,076</u>
Clusters	
1 - Child Nutrition Cluster \$ 10,965,151	

		•	-,, -
2 - Special Edu	cation Cluster (IDEA)	\$	3,919,079

BLUE VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 229

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Organization

Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229 (the District), is the recipient of several federal awards. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as those awards that are passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the District, and is presented on the Kansas regulatory basis of accounting which includes cash disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances. The information presented in this schedule is in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. The District elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

3. Local Government Contributions

Local cost sharing is required by certain federal grants. The amount of cost sharing varies with each program. Only the federal share of expenditures is presented in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

4. Additional Audits

Grantor agencies reserve the right to conduct additional audits of the District's grant programs for economy and efficiency and program results that may result in disallowed costs to the District. However, management does not believe such audits would result in any disallowed costs that would be material to the District's financial position at June 30, 2022.

5. Outstanding Loans

The District did not have any outstanding loans under any federal grants at June 30, 2022.

6. Pass Through Entity Numbers

Grant numbers are not listed for several grants on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. For those grants, pass through grantors have not assigned passthrough numbers to the passthrough grants noted in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

BLUE VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 229

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	e Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	e Yes <u>X</u> None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	: Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	nYes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number(s) N	ame of Federal Program or Cluster
84.425D, 84.425U	Education Stabilization Fund
93.323 Epidemiology	and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	3 \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

X Yes No

BLUE VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 229

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None Noted

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None Noted



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, budgetary comparison information, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229 (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements. The financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the District's financial statements. The financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, such accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters associated with the Blue Valley Recreation Commission or that are reported on separately by those auditors who audited the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Overland Park, KS December 6, 2022



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Blue Valley Unified School District No. 229 (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all

deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Overland Park, KS December 6, 2022